SCIG (immune globulin SQ): Hizentra®, Gammagard Liquid®, Gammagard Liquid ERC®, Gamunex®-C, Gammaked™, HyQvia®, Cuvitru®, Cutaquig®, Xembify® (Subcutaneous)

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I. Length of Authorization

- Initial: Prior authorization validity will be provided initially for 6 months.
- Renewal: Prior authorization validity may be renewed every 12 months thereafter.

II. Dosing Limits

Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Drug Name	Billable units/28 days
Hizentra	1840 (CIDP) 1680 (All other indications)
Gamunex-C, Gammaked, & Gammagard liquid/ERC	336
Cuvitru & Cutaquig	1600

Drug Name	Loading Dose Billable units	Maintenance Dose Billable units/21 days
HyQvia (CIDP)	Week 1: 0	1600
	Week 2: 400	
	Week 3: 400	
	Week 4: 800	
	Week 6: 1200	
	Week 9: 1600	

HyQvia (All other indications)	Week 1: 300	1200
	Week 2: 600	
	Week 4: 900	
Xembify	180 daily for 5	1680
	days	

III. Initial Approval Criteria 1-9,13,16,19

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

Baseline values for BUN and serum creatinine obtained within 30 days of request; AND

Primary Immunodeficiency (PID) † 1-9, 12,13,19,36

Such as: Wiskott -Aldrich syndrome, x-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency, transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, IgG subclass deficiency with or without IgA deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome) [*list not all inclusive*]

- Patient is at least 2 years of age; AND
 - Patient has an IgG level <200 mg/dL; OR
 - Patient meets <u>both</u> of the following:
 - Patient has a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least <u>one</u> of the following:
 - Four or more ear infections within 1 year
 - Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
 - Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
 - Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
 - Recurrent, deep skin or organ abscesses
 - Persistent thrush in the mouth or fungal infection on the skin
 - Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
 - Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia
 - Family history of PID; AND
 - The patient has a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination; AND
 - Titers were drawn before challenging with vaccination; AND
 - Titers were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks of vaccination

Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP) [Hizentra and HyQvia ONLY] † Φ 3,4,22,37

- Patient is at least 18 years of age; AND
- Physician has assessed baseline disease severity utilizing an objective measure/tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6-MWT, Rankin, Modified Rankin, etc.); AND
 - Used as initial maintenance therapy for prevention of disease relapses after treatment and stabilization with intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG)§; OR
 - Used for re-initiation of maintenance therapy after experiencing a relapse and requiring reinduction therapy with IVIG (see Section IV for criteria)
- § Refer to the IVIG (immune globulin IV) medical necessity criteria (Document Number: IC-0071) for the relevant intravenous criteria requirements

Acquired Immune Deficiency Secondary to Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL)/ Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma (SLL) ‡ 32,33,36

- Patient has an IgG level <200 mg/dL; OR
- Patient has an IgG level <500 mg/dL; AND
 - Patient has recurrent sinopulmonary infections requiring IV antibiotics or hospitalization; OR
- Patient meets <u>both</u> of the following:
 - Patient has a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least <u>one</u> of the following:
 - Four or more ear infections within 1 year
 - Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
 - Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
 - Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
 - Recurrent, deep skin or organ abscesses
 - Persistent thrush in the mouth or fungal infection on the skin
 - Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
 - Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia; AND
 - The patient has a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination; AND
 - Titers were drawn before challenging with vaccination; AND
 - Titers were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks of vaccination
- Note: other secondary immunodeficiencies resulting in hypogammaglobulinemia and/or B-cell aplasia will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis
 - † FDA Approved Indication(s); ‡ Compendia Recommended Indication(s); Φ Orphan Drug

IV. Renewal Criteria 1-9,16,19,32,33

Coverage may be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet the indication-specific relevant criteria identified in section III; AND
- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: severe hypersensitivity/anaphylaxis, thrombosis, aseptic meningitis syndrome, hemolytic anemia, hyperproteinemia, acute lung injury, etc.; AND
- BUN and serum creatinine obtained within the last 6 months and the concentration and rate of infusion have been adjusted accordingly; AND

Primary Immunodeficiency (PID)

- Disease response as evidenced by one or more of the following:
 - o Decrease in the frequency of infection
 - Decrease in the severity of infection
- Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP) [Hizentra and HyQvia ONLY]
- Renewals will be authorized for patients that have demonstrated a beneficial clinical response
 to maintenance therapy, without relapses, based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g.,
 INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6-MWT, Rankin, Modified Rankin,
 etc.); OR
- Patient is re-initiating maintenance therapy after experiencing a relapse while on Hizentra or HyQvia; AND
 - Patient improved and stabilized on IVIG treatment: AND
 - o Patient was NOT receiving maximum dosing of Hizentra or HyQvia prior to relapse

Acquired Immune Deficiency secondary to Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL)/ Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma (SLL)

- Disease response as evidenced by one or more of the following:
 - Decrease in the frequency of infection
 - Decrease in the severity of infection; AND
- Continued treatment is necessary to decrease the risk of infection

V. Dosage/Administration^{1-9,14-16,32-35}

Dosing should be calculated using adjusted body weight if one or more of the following criteria are met:

- Patient's body mass index (BMI) is 30 kg/m² or more; OR
- Patient's actual body weight is 20% higher than his or her ideal body weight (IBW)

Use the following dosing formulas to calculate the adjusted body weight (round dose to nearest 5 gram increment in adult patients)

Dosing formulas					
BMI = $703 \times (weight in pounds/height in inches^2)$					
IBW (kg) for males = 50 + [2.3 (height in inches – 60)]					
IBW (kg) for females = 45.5 + [2.3 x (height in inches – 60)]					
Adjusted body weight = IBW + 0.4 (actual body weight – IBW)					

This information is not meant to replace clinical decision making when initiating or modifying medication therapy and should only be used as a guide. Patient-specific variables should be taken into account.

Indication	Dose ❖				
	<u>Hizentra:</u>				
	Initiate th	erapy 1 week	after the last IVIG dose		
	■ The recon	nmended subo	cutaneous dose is 0.2 g/kg (1 m	nL/kg) body weight per week, a	dministered
	in 1 or 2 s	essions over 1	or 2 consecutive days.		
	-	-	en, consider increasing the dos ! sessions over 1 or 2 consecuti	e to 0.4 g/kg (2 mL/kg) body we ive days.	eight per
	-	•	en on the 0.4 g/kg body weight nile discontinuing Hizentra.	per week dose, consider re-ini	tiating
	<u>HyQvia:</u>				
	Patients n	nust be on sta	ble doses of IVIG prior to starti	ng HyQvia.	
	■ Before ini	tiating therap	y with HyQvia, calculate the we	eekly equivalent dose to plan fo	or the ramp-
Chronic Inflammatory		ng dose and d	· ·	number of weeks between IVIG ne same as the patient's previou	
Demyelinating Polyneuropathy	The typical	I dosing inter	val range in the clinical trial for	HyQvia was 4 weeks. For patie	nts with less
(CIDP)		_	=	g interval can be converted to	
	while mai	ntaining the sa	ame monthly equivalent IgG do	ose.	
			,	n) 2 weeks after the last IVIG inf veekly equivalent dose (2 nd infu	
	A ramp-up table belo	•	ake up to 9 weeks, depending o	on the dosing interval and toler	ability <i>(see</i>
	HyQvia Dose Ramp-up Schedule				
		Week*	Infusion Number	Dose Interval	
		1	No infusion	Not applicable	
		2	1 st infusion	1-week-dose	
		3	2 nd infusion	1-week-dose	
		4	3 rd infusion	2-week-dose	

Indication	Dose ❖						
		5	No infusion	Not applicable			
		6	4 th infusion	3-week-dose			
		7	No infusion	Not applicable			
		8	No infusion	Not applicable			
		9	5 th infusion	4-week-dose			
		arts one week er the last IVIG	-	nistered. Week 1 is the week th	at starts one		
		the last tyre					
	Hizentra:	from IVIG					
Primary Immune Deficiency (PID) AND Acquired Immune Deficiency secondary to Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia (CLL)/Small Lymphocytic Lymphocytic Lymphocytic	Switching Gamunex-C/G Switching	nitiate therapy Weekly dose: May be adming Biweekly dose Frequent dosing from SCIG nitiate therapy Weekly dose (grams) Biweekly dose Frequent dosing number of time from Britiate therapy Grams Biweekly dose Frequent dosing number of time from IVIG nitiate therapy	istered from daily up to every to twice the weekly dose (using ong (2-7 times per week): divide less per week. y 1 week after the last SCIG dosin grams) should be same as the multiply the prior weekly doseing (2-7 times per week): divide less per week. Immagard Liquid/Gammagard Liquid/Gammaga	umber of weeks between IVIG of wo weeks (biweekly) calculation above) the calculated weekly dose by the calculated weekly dose by the deby 2 the prior weekly dose by the deby dose by the deby dose by the deby description.	the desired etment (in		

Indication Dose ❖ HyQvia:

- Naïve to immune globulin treatment or switching from SCIG: 300 to 600 mg/kg at 3 to 4 week
- Switching from IVIG: use the same dose and frequency as the previous IV treatment after initial ramp-up (see table below)

NOTE: For patients previously on another IgG treatment, initiate therapy 1 week after the last infusion of IVIG or SCIG

	HyQvia Initial Treatment Interval/Dosage Ramp-up Schedule							
Week	Infusion Number	3-week treatment interval	4-week treatment interval					
1	1 st infusion	Dose in Grams X 0.33	Dose in Grams X 0.25					
2	2 nd infusion	Dose in Grams X 0.67	Dose in Grams X 0.50					
4	3 rd infusion	Total Dose in Grams	Dose in Grams X 0.75					
7	4 th infusion	Total Dose in Grams	Total Dose in Grams					

Xembify:

- Switching from IVIG
 - o Start treatment one week after the last IVIG infusion.

intervals after initial ramp-up (see table below)

- Weekly dose: 1.37*[previous monthly (or every 3- week) IVIG dose in grams/number of weeks between IVIG doses]
- May be administered from daily up to every two weeks (biweekly)
- Biweekly dose: multiply the prior weekly dose by 2
- Frequent dosing (2-7 times per week): divide the prior weekly dose by the desired number of times per week
- Switching from SCIG
 - Weekly dose (in grams) should be same as the weekly dose of prior SCIG treatment (in grams)
 - o May be administered from daily up to every two weeks (biweekly)
 - Biweekly dose: multiply the prior weekly dose by 2
 - Frequent dosing (2-7 times per week): divide the prior weekly dose by the desired number of times per week
- Treatment naïve
 - Loading dose: 150 mg/kg/day for 5 consecutive days
 - o Maintenance dose: 150 mg/kg/week weekly administrations starts at Day 8
 - May be administered from daily up to every two weeks (biweekly)

Cuvitru:

- Switching from IVIG or HyQvia
 - o Initiate therapy 1 week after the last IVIG or Hyqvia dose
 - Weekly dose: 1.30*(previous IVIG or HyQvia dose (g)/number of weeks between IVIG or HyQvia doses)
 - May be administered from daily up to every two weeks (biweekly)

Indication	Do	ose 🌣	
		0	Biweekly dose: twice the weekly dose (using calculation above)
		0	Frequent dosing (2-7 times per week): divide the calculated weekly dose by the desired
			number of times per week
	•	Switchi	ng from SCIG
		0	Weekly dose (in grams) should be same as the weekly dose of prior SCIG treatment (in
			grams)
		0	May be administered from daily up to every two weeks (biweekly)
		0	Biweekly dose: multiply the prior weekly dose by 2
		0	Frequent dosing (2-7 times per week): divide the prior weekly dose by the desired
			number of times per week
	Cu	ıtaquig:	
	•	Switchi	ng from IVIG
		0	Weekly dose: 1.30*(previous IVIG dose (g)/number of weeks between IVIG doses)
		0	May be administered from daily up to every two weeks (biweekly)
		0	Biweekly dose: multiply the calculated weekly dose by 2
		0	Frequent dosing (2-7 times per week): divide the calculated weekly dose by the desired
			number of times per week
	-	Switchi	ng from SCIG
		0	Weekly dose (in grams) should be same as the weekly dose of prior SCIG treatment (in
			grams)
		0	May be administered from daily up to every two weeks (biweekly)
		0	Biweekly dose: multiply the prior weekly dose by 2
		0	Frequent dosing (2-7 times per week): divide the prior weekly dose by the desired
			number of times per week

Dosing for immunoglobulin products is highly variable depending on numerous patient specific factors, indication(s), and the specific product selected. For specific dosing regimens refer to current prescribing literature.

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

HCPCS Code(s) & NDC(s):

Drug Name	Manufacturer	HCPCS Code	1 Billable unit	NDC	IgG (grams) per vial/syringe	Volume (mL)
				44206-0451-01	1	5
Hizentra 20%*	entra 20%* (Vials) CSL Behring AG	J1559 — Injection, immune globulin (Hizentra), 100 mg	100 mg	44206-0452-02	2	10
(Vials)				44206-0454-04	4	20
				44206-0455-10	10	50
Hizentra 20%*	CSL Behring AG	J1559 – Injection, immune	100 mg	44206-0456-21	1	5
(Prefilled Syringes)	CSL Bellillig Ad	globulin (Hizentra), 100 mg	100 mg	44206-0457-22	2	10

Drug Name	Manufacturer	HCPCS Code	1 Billable unit	NDC	IgG (grams) per vial/syringe	Volume (mL)
				44206-0458-24	4	20
				44206-0455-25	10	50
				76125-0900-01	1	10
	- 15	J1561 – Injection, immune		76125-0900-25	2.5	25
Gammaked 10%*	Grifols	globulin, (Gamunex-C/ Gammaked), non-lyophilized	500 mg	76125-0900-50	5	50
10%	Therapeutics	(e.g., liquid), 500 mg		76125-0900-10	10	100
				76125-0900-20	20	200
				13533-0800-12	1	10
		J1561 — Injection, immune		13533-0800-15	2.5	25
Gamunex-C	Grifols	globulin, (Gamunex- C/Gammaked), non-	E00 mg	13533-0800-20	5	50
10%*	Therapeutics	lyophilized (e.g., liquid), 500	500 mg	13533-0800-71	10	100
		mg		13533-0800-24	20	200
				13533-0800-40	40	400
Gammagard	Takeda Pharmaceuticals	J3590 — unclassified biologics	N/A	00944-2705-50	5	50
Liquid ERC	Liquid ERC U.S.A., Inc.	13530 — unclassified biologics	N/A	00944-2705-10	10	100
		J1569 — Injection, immune globulin, (Gammagard liquid), non-lyophilized, (e.g.,	500 mg	00944-2700-02	1	10
	Takeda			00944-2700-03	2.5	25
Gammagard	Pharmaceuticals			00944-2700-04	5	50
Liquid 10%*	U.S.A., Inc.	liquid), 500 mg		00944-2700-05	10	100
				00944-2700-06	20	200
				00944-2700-07	30	300
				00944-2510-02	2.5	25
HyQvia 10% (with	Takeda	J1575 — Injection, immune		00944-2511-02	5	50
Recombinant Human	Pharmaceuticals	globulin/ hyaluronidase,	100 mg	00944-2512-02	10	100
Hyaluronidase 160	U.S.A., Inc.	(Hyqvia), 100 mg immune	2008	00944-2513-02	20	200
U/mL)	,	globulin		00944-2514-02	30	300
				00944-2850-01	1	5
	Takeda			00944-2850-03	2	10
Cuvitru 20%*	Pharmaceuticals	J1555 – Injection, immune	100 mg	00944-2850-05	4	20
	U.S.A., Inc.	globulin (Cuvitru), 100 mg		00944-2850-07	8	40
				00944-2850-09	10	50
		J1551 – Injection, immune		00069-1061-01	1	6
Cutaquig 16.5%*	Octapharma	globulin (cutaquig), 100 mg	100 mg	00069-1802-01	1.65	10
				00069-1476-01	2	12

Drug Name	Manufacturer	HCPCS Code	1 Billable unit	NDC	IgG (grams) per vial/syringe	Volume (mL)
				00069-1960-01	3.3	20
				00069-1509-01	4	24
				00069-1965-01	8	48
				13533-0810-05	1	5
Xemhify 20%*	embify 20%* Grifols	J1558 — Injection, immune globulin (Xembify), 100 mg	100 mg	13533-0810-10	2	10
Actionly 2070				13533-0810-20	4	20
				13533-0810-50	10	50
Immune Globulin, Human, Subcutaneous	N/A	J3590 – unclassified biologics C9399 – unclassified drugs or biologicals	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

^{*90284 –} immune globulin (SCIg), human, for use in subcutaneous infusions, 100 mg, each

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Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes (All Products)

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C83.00	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, unspecified site
C83.01	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, lymph nodes of head, face, and neck
C83.02	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, intrathoracic lymph nodes
C83.03	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, intra-abdominal lymph nodes
C83.04	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, lymph nodes of axilla and upper limb
C83.05	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, lymph nodes of inguinal region and lower limb
C83.06	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, intrapelvic lymph nodes
C83.07	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, spleen
C83.08	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, lymph nodes of multiple sites
C83.09	Small cell B-cell lymphoma, extranodal and solid organ sites
C91.10	Chronic lymphocytic leukemia of B-cell type not having achieved remission
C91.12	Chronic lymphocytic leukemia of B-cell type in relapse
D80.0	Hereditary hypogammaglobulinemia
D80.1	Nonfamilial hypogammaglobulinemia
D80.2	Selective deficiency of immunoglobulin A [IgA]
D80.3	Selective deficiency of immunoglobulin G [IgG] subclasses
D80.4	Selective deficiency of immunoglobulin M [IgM]
D80.5	Immunodeficiency with increased immunoglobulin M [IgM]
D80.7	Transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy
D81.0	Severe combined immunodeficiency [SCID] with reticular dysgenesis
D81.1	Severe combined immunodeficiency [SCID] with low T- and B-cell numbers
D81.2	Severe combined immunodeficiency [SCID] with low or normal B-cell numbers

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
D81.6	Major histocompatibility complex class I deficiency
D81.7	Major histocompatibility complex class II deficiency
D81.89	Other combined immunodeficiencies
D81.9	Combined immunodeficiency, unspecified
D82.0	Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
D83.0	Common variable immunodeficiency with predominant abnormalities of B-cell numbers and function
D83.2	Common variable immunodeficiency with autoantibodies to B- or T-cells
D83.8	Other common variable immunodeficiencies
D83.9	Common variable immunodeficiency, unspecified

Additional covered diagnosis codes applicable to Hizentra and Hyqvia ONLY:

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
G61.81	Chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuritis
G61.89	Other inflammatory polyneuropathies
G62.89	Other specified polyneuropathies

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

The preceding information is intended for non-Medicare coverage determinations. Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and/or Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may also exist for claims payment purposes or to clarify benefit eligibility under Part B for drugs which may be self-administered. The following link may be used to search for NCD, LCD, or LCA documents: https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx. Additional indications, including any preceding information, may be applied at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes						
Jurisdiction	NCD/LCA/LCD	Contractor				
	Document (s)					
H, L	A56786	Novitas Solutions, Inc.				
N	A57778	First Coast Service Options, Inc.				
5, 8	A57554	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corporation (WPS)				

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions					
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor			
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC			
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC			
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)			
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)			
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.			
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)			
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.			
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA			
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA			
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.			
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)			
15	кү, он	CGS Administrators, LLC			