

## Cyramza® (ramucirumab) (Intravenous)

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### I. Length of Authorization

- Initial: Prior authorization validity will be provided initially for 6 months.
- Renewal: Prior authorization validity may be renewed every 6 months thereafter

### II. Dosing Limits

Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

| Indication                                                                                                            | Billable Units (BU) | Per unit time (days) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Gastric/Esophageal/Esophagogastric Junction/Gastroesophageal Junction Cancers, CRC, Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma, & HCC | 180 BU              | 14 days              |
| NSCLC                                                                                                                 | 240 BU              | 14 days              |
| PM, Thymic Carcinoma                                                                                                  | 240 BU              | 21 days              |

### III. Initial Approval Criteria <sup>1</sup>

Prior authorization validity is provided in the following conditions:

- Patient is at least 18 years of age; **AND**

#### Universal Criteria <sup>1</sup>

- Patient does not have uncontrolled severe hypertension; **AND**
- Patient must not have had a surgical procedure within the preceding 2 weeks or have a surgical wound that has not fully healed; **AND**

#### Colorectal Cancer (CRC) ✕ † ‡ 1,3,9-11,17,18,25e,28e-30e

- Will not be used in combination with an anti-EGFR agent (e.g., panitumumab or cetuximab); **AND**

- Used in combination with irinotecan or FOLFIRI (irinotecan, folinic acid/leucovorin, and fluorouracil); **AND**
  - Used as initial treatment for unresectable metastatic disease after previous FOLFOX (fluorouracil, folinic acid/leucovorin, and oxaliplatin) or CapeOX (capecitabine and oxaliplatin) within the past 12 months ‡; **AND**

- Use of ramucirumab will be restricted to patients with a contraindication or intolerance to bevacizumab or bevacizumab biosimilar product; **OR**
  - Used as subsequent therapy for progression of advanced or metastatic disease after prior therapy with bevacizumab, oxaliplatin, and a fluoropyrimidine, unless contraindicated; **AND**
    - Patient has not previously been treated with irinotecan-based therapy; **AND**

- Use of ramucirumab will be restricted to patients with a contraindication or intolerance to bevacizumab or bevacizumab biosimilar product
- ‡ Note: NCCN recommends universal MMR or MSI testing in all newly diagnosed patients. If deficient mismatch repair/microsatellite instability-high (dMMR/MSI-H) or polymerase epsilon/delta (POLE/POLD1) mutation with ultra-hypermutated phenotype (e.g., TMB>50 mut/Mb), treatment should include checkpoint inhibitor immunotherapy if the patient is a candidate.

### Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma – Colon Cancer ‡<sup>3</sup>

- Used in combination with irinotecan or FOLFIRI (fluorouracil, leucovorin, and irinotecan); **AND**
- Used as subsequent therapy for progression of advanced or metastatic disease after prior therapy with bevacizumab, oxaliplatin, and a fluoropyrimidine, unless contraindicated; **AND**
- Patient has not previously been treated with irinotecan-based therapy or with oxaliplatin; **AND**

- Use of ramucirumab will be restricted to patients with a contraindication or intolerance to bevacizumab or bevacizumab biosimilar product
- ‡ Note: NCCN recommends universal MMR or MSI testing in all newly diagnosed patients. If deficient mismatch repair/microsatellite instability-high (dMMR/MSI-H) or polymerase epsilon/delta (POLE/POLD1) mutation with ultra-hypermutated phenotype (e.g., TMB>50 mut/Mb), treatment should include checkpoint inhibitor immunotherapy if the patient is a candidate.

### Gastric, Esophageal, and Esophagogastric/Gastroesophageal Junction Cancers † ‡ Φ<sub>1-3,5-7,14,15,17,2e,5e</sub>

- Patient has adenocarcinoma histology; **AND**
- Used as subsequent therapy after fluoropyrimidine- or platinum-containing chemotherapy, unless contraindicated; **AND**
- Used as a single agent OR in combination with paclitaxel OR in combination with an irinotecan-based regimen; **AND**
- Used for one of the following:

- Patient has advanced, recurrent, or metastatic disease
- Patient is not a surgical candidate; **AND**

- Single agent OR in combination with an irinotecan-based regimen:
- Patient must demonstrate an inadequate response, unless there is a contraindication or intolerance, to a generically available agent/regimen (e.g., docetaxel, paclitaxel, irinotecan, etc. [see NCCN Esophageal and Esophagogastric Junction Cancers guidelines and Gastric Cancer guidelines for additional alternative agents/regimens])

### **Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) † ‡ Φ 1,3,4,16,31e-34e**

- Used as a single agent; **AND**
- Used as subsequent therapy for progressive disease; **AND**
- Patient has an alfa-fetoprotein (AFP) level of  $\geq 400$  ng/mL; **AND**
- Patient has Child-Pugh Class A hepatic impairment (i.e., excludes class B and C impairments)

### **Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) † ‡ 1,3,8,12,13,12e,13e,15e,35e,41e,51e**

- Patient has recurrent, advanced, or metastatic disease (excluding locoregional recurrence or symptomatic local disease without evidence of disseminated disease) or mediastinal lymph node recurrence with prior radiation therapy; **AND**

- Used in combination with docetaxel; **AND**
  - Used as subsequent therapy for first progression after initial platinum-based systemic therapy; **AND**
  - Patient has not previously been treated with docetaxel or ramucirumab; **AND**

- Patients with no previous immunotherapy ONLY:
- Use of ramucirumab will be restricted to patients with a contraindication or intolerance to pembrolizumab, nivolumab, or atezolizumab; **OR**

- Used in combination with erlotinib; **AND**
  - Patient has epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletion or exon 21 (L858R) substitution mutation positive disease as detected by an FDA-approved or CLIA compliant test❖; **AND**
    - Used as first-line therapy; **AND**

- Use of ramucirumab in combination with erlotinib as first-line therapy will be restricted to patients with a contraindication or intolerance to osimertinib or dacomitinib; **OR**
    - Used for continuation of therapy following disease progression on combination erlotinib and ramucirumab therapy for asymptomatic disease, symptomatic brain lesions, or symptomatic systemic limited progression; **AND**

- Patient has T790M negative disease

### **Pleural Mesothelioma (PM) ‡<sup>3,19,20</sup>**

- Used in combination with gemcitabine as subsequent therapy for locally advanced or metastatic disease; **AND**
- Patient has progressed during or following previous therapy with pemetrexed in combination with a platinum, unless contraindicated

*\*Note: May also be used for pericardial mesothelioma and tunica vaginalis testis mesothelioma.*

### **Thymic Carcinoma ‡<sup>3,21,22</sup>**

- Used in combination with carboplatin and paclitaxel<sup>^</sup>; **AND**
- Used as first-line therapy for recurrent, advanced, or metastatic disease

*<sup>^</sup>Ramucirumab may be continued as maintenance monotherapy*

**Preferred therapies and recommendations are determined by review of clinical evidence. NCCN category of recommendation is taken into account as a component of this review. Regimens deemed equally efficacious (i.e., those having the same NCCN categorization) are considered to be therapeutically equivalent.**

#### **Enhanced Oncology Value (EOV) Program – Redacted indications**

Uses not listed above have inadequate data to support efficacy and are excluded from prior authorization validity.

Other treatment options including, but are not limited to, the following may be appropriate: radiation therapy, surgery, traditional chemotherapy (e.g., platinum, taxane), compassionate use/expanded access programs, clinical trials, supportive care, integrative and complementary therapies.

❖ *If confirmed using an immunotherapy assay – <http://www.fda.gov/companiondiagnostics>*

† FDA Approved Indication(s); ‡ Compendia Recommended Indication(s); Ⓢ Orphan Drug

## **IV. Renewal Criteria<sup>1,3,13</sup>**

Prior authorization validity may be renewed based upon the following criteria:

- Patient continues to meet the universal and other indication-specific relevant criteria such as concomitant therapy requirements (not including prerequisite therapy), performance status, etc. identified in section III; **AND**
- Disease response with treatment as defined by stabilization of disease or decrease in size of tumor or tumor spread, unless otherwise specified in section III; **AND**

- Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: hemorrhage, arterial thromboembolic events, uncontrolled hypertension, infusion-related reactions, severe proteinuria (> 3g/24h)/nephrotic syndrome, gastrointestinal perforations, impaired wound healing, posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome (PRES), thyroid dysfunction, worsening of pre-existing hepatic impairment, etc.

## V. Dosage/Administration <sup>1,13-15,17,18,20-22</sup>

| Indication                                                                                                           | Dose                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CRC, Appendiceal Adenocarcinoma,<br>Gastric/Esophageal/<br>Esophagogastric/Gastroesophageal Junction<br>Cancers, HCC | Administer 8 mg/kg intravenously every 14 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| NSCLC                                                                                                                | <u>In combination with docetaxel:</u><br>Administer 10 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity<br><u>In combination with erlotinib:</u><br>Administer 10 mg/kg intravenously every 14 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity |
| Pleural Mesothelioma                                                                                                 | <u>In combination with gemcitabine:</u><br>Administer 10 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days until tumor progression or unacceptable toxicity                                                                                                                                                |
| Thymic Carcinoma                                                                                                     | Administer 10 mg/kg intravenously every 21 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

### HCPCS Code:

- J9308 – Injection, ramucirumab, 5 mg; 1 billable unit = 5 mg

### NDC(s):

- Cyramza 100 mg/10 mL solution, single-dose vial: 00002-7669-xx
- Cyramza 500 mg/50 mL solution, single-dose vial: 00002-7678-xx

## VII. References (STANDARD)

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## Appendix A – Non-Quantitative Treatment Limitations (NQTL) Factor Checklist

Non-quantitative treatment limitations (NQTLs) refer to the methods, guidelines, standards of evidence, or other conditions that can restrict how long or to what extent benefits are provided under a health plan. These may include things like utilization review or prior authorization. The utilization management NQTL applies comparably, and not more stringently, to mental health/substance use disorder (MH/SUD) Medical Benefit Prescription Drugs and medical/surgical (M/S) Medical Benefit Prescription Drugs. The table below lists the factors that were considered in designing and applying prior authorization to this drug/drug group, and a summary of the conclusions that Prime's assessment led to for each.

| Factor                     | Conclusion            |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Indication                 | Yes: Consider for PA  |
| Safety and efficacy        | No: PA not a priority |
| Potential for misuse/abuse | No: PA not a priority |
| Cost of drug               | Yes: Consider for PA  |

## Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

| ICD-10 | ICD-10 Description                                              |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| C15.3  | Malignant neoplasm of upper third of esophagus                  |
| C15.4  | Malignant neoplasm of middle third of esophagus                 |
| C15.5  | Malignant neoplasm of lower third of esophagus                  |
| C15.8  | Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of esophagus            |
| C15.9  | Malignant neoplasm of esophagus, unspecified                    |
| C16.0  | Malignant neoplasm of cardia                                    |
| C16.1  | Malignant neoplasm of fundus of stomach                         |
| C16.2  | Malignant neoplasm of body of stomach                           |
| C16.3  | Malignant neoplasm of pyloric antrum                            |
| C16.4  | Malignant neoplasm of pylorus                                   |
| C16.5  | Malignant neoplasm of lesser curvature of stomach, unspecified  |
| C16.6  | Malignant neoplasm of greater curvature of stomach, unspecified |
| C16.8  | Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of stomach              |
| C16.9  | Malignant neoplasm of stomach, unspecified                      |
| C18.0  | Malignant neoplasm of cecum                                     |
| C18.1  | Malignant neoplasm of appendix                                  |
| C18.2  | Malignant neoplasm of ascending colon                           |
| C18.3  | Malignant neoplasm of hepatic flexure                           |
| C18.4  | Malignant neoplasm of transverse colon                          |

| ICD-10 | ICD-10 Description                                                       |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| C18.5  | Malignant neoplasm of splenic flexure                                    |
| C18.6  | Malignant neoplasm of descending colon                                   |
| C18.7  | Malignant neoplasm of sigmoid colon                                      |
| C18.8  | Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of large intestines              |
| C18.9  | Malignant neoplasm of colon, unspecified                                 |
| C19    | Malignant neoplasm of rectosigmoid junction                              |
| C20    | Malignant neoplasm of rectum                                             |
| C21.8  | Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of rectum, anus and anal canal   |
| C22.0  | Liver cell carcinoma                                                     |
| C22.8  | Malignant neoplasm of liver, primary, unspecified as to type             |
| C22.9  | Malignant neoplasm of liver, not specified as primary or secondary       |
| C33    | Malignant neoplasm of trachea                                            |
| C34.00 | Malignant neoplasm of main bronchus                                      |
| C34.01 | Malignant neoplasm of right main bronchus                                |
| C34.02 | Malignant neoplasm of left main bronchus                                 |
| C34.10 | Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, unspecified bronchus or lung           |
| C34.11 | Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, right bronchus or lung                 |
| C34.12 | Malignant neoplasm of upper lobe, left bronchus or lung                  |
| C34.2  | Malignant neoplasm of middle lobe, bronchus or lung                      |
| C34.30 | Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, unspecified bronchus or lung           |
| C34.31 | Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, right bronchus or lung                 |
| C34.32 | Malignant neoplasm of lower lobe, left bronchus or lung                  |
| C34.80 | Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified bronchus and lung |
| C34.81 | Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right bronchus and lung       |
| C34.82 | Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of left bronchus and lung        |
| C34.90 | Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of unspecified bronchus or lung   |
| C34.91 | Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of right bronchus or lung         |
| C34.92 | Malignant neoplasm of unspecified part of left bronchus or lung          |
| C37    | Malignant neoplasm of thymus                                             |
| C45.0  | Mesothelioma of pleura                                                   |
| C45.2  | Mesothelioma of pericardium                                              |
| C45.7  | Mesothelioma of other sites                                              |

| ICD-10  | ICD-10 Description                                                    |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| C45.9   | Mesothelioma, unspecified                                             |
| C78.00  | Secondary malignant neoplasm of lung                                  |
| C78.01  | Secondary malignant neoplasm of lung                                  |
| C78.02  | Secondary malignant neoplasm of lung                                  |
| C78.6   | Secondary malignant neoplasm of retroperitoneum and peritoneum        |
| C78.7   | Secondary malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile duct      |
| D15.0   | Benign neoplasm of thymus                                             |
| D37.1   | Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of stomach                             |
| D37.8   | Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of other specified digestive organs    |
| D37.9   | Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of digestive organ, unspecified        |
| D38.4   | Neoplasm of uncertain behavior of thymus                              |
| Z85.00  | Personal history of malignant neoplasm of unspecified digestive organ |
| Z85.01  | Personal history of malignant neoplasm of esophagus                   |
| Z85.028 | Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of stomach               |
| Z85.038 | Personal history of malignant neoplasm of large intestine             |
| Z85.118 | Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of bronchus and lung     |
| Z85.238 | Personal history of other malignant neoplasm of thymus                |

## Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

The preceding information is intended for non-Medicare coverage determinations. Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determinations (NCDs) and/or Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) may also exist for claims payment purposes or to clarify benefit eligibility under Part B for drugs which may be self-administered. The following link may be used to search for NCD, LCD, or LCA documents: <https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search.aspx>. Additional indications, including any preceding information, may be applied at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD/LCA): N/A

| Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions |                                        |                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Jurisdiction                                                  | Applicable State/US Territory          | Contractor                                        |
| E (1)                                                         | CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI               | Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC                |
| F (2 & 3)                                                     | AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ | Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC                |
| 5                                                             | KS, NE, IA, MO                         | Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS) |

| Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions |                                                                                       |                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Jurisdiction                                                  | Applicable State/US Territory                                                         | Contractor                                        |
| 6                                                             | MN, WI, IL                                                                            | National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)          |
| H (4 & 7)                                                     | LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM                                                            | Novitas Solutions, Inc.                           |
| 8                                                             | MI, IN                                                                                | Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS) |
| N (9)                                                         | FL, PR, VI                                                                            | First Coast Service Options, Inc.                 |
| J (10)                                                        | TN, GA, AL                                                                            | Palmetto GBA                                      |
| M (11)                                                        | NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)                                                      | Palmetto GBA                                      |
| L (12)                                                        | DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria) | Novitas Solutions, Inc.                           |
| K (13 & 14)                                                   | NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH                                                            | National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)          |
| 15                                                            | KY, OH                                                                                | CGS Administrators, LLC                           |