Executive Summary

Curry Health Network conducted this assessment to evaluate the health needs of Curry County.

Key findings on social determinants of health include:

- Aging population with 34.4% over age 65
- Lower income levels and higher poverty rates than state/national averages
- Lack of affordable housing
- Lower educational attainment levels
- Higher food insecurity rates
- High drug overdose mortality rate
- Less access to healthcare providers, especially mental health

Top health issues identified:

- 1. Mental and behavioral health
- 2. Access to providers (especially specialists)
- 3. Housing
- 4. Health education/prevention

Survey results showed only 23% rate access to healthcare as Good/Very Good and 42% rate quality of care as Good/Very Good. Top needs identified were mental health services, specialist care, and more providers overall.

Recommendations:

- 1. Address mental/behavioral health by recruiting more providers and improving coordination
- 2. Increase access to providers, especially specialists like oncology and cardiology
- 3. Improve housing options for staff and community
- 4. Enhance community health education and outreach programs

The assessment will be used to develop implementation strategies to address these priority health needs in Curry County over the next 3 years.

Biggest Gaps in Service

- 1. Mental and Behavioral Health Services: The county falls 69.5% below state and 67.4% below national averages for psychiatrists per 100,000 population. Mental health services were rated as the least accessible by survey respondents.
- 2. Specialty Care: There's a significant lack of specialist physicians, particularly in areas like cardiology and oncology. Survey respondents identified specialist care as one of the top needed services.
- 3. Primary Care: Curry County falls 39.4% below state and 28% below national averages for access to primary care providers.
- 4. Dental Care: Access to dentists is also below state and national averages, similar to primary care.
- 5. Substance Abuse Treatment: Given high rates of alcoholism and opioid use, there's a need for more substance abuse treatment services.

- 6. Preventive Care Services: The population falls below national averages for preventative screenings like cholesterol, colorectal cancer, cervical cancer, and mammograms.
- 7. Cancer Care: With high cancer mortality rates, there's a gap in oncology services and cancer treatment options locally.
- 8. Cardiology Services: Heart disease mortality rates are high, but cardiology services are reported to be over 2 hours away with long wait times.
- 9. Pediatric Services: There's a lack of pediatric specialists mentioned in the report.
- 10. Transportation Services: While some transportation options exist, there's a lack of awareness and coordination of these services, creating a gap in access to care.

These gaps are particularly pronounced due to the rural nature of Curry County and its aging population.

Greatest Barriers to Care

- 1. Lack of Providers: There's a significant shortage of healthcare providers, especially specialists and mental health professionals. The county falls below state and national averages for access to primary care, dental care, and mental health providers.
- 2. Geographic Access: As a rural county, many residents must travel long distances for specialized care. For example, cardiology services are reported to be over 2 hours away.
- 3. Transportation: While some transportation services exist, there's a lack of awareness about these options, particularly among vulnerable populations.
- 4. Affordability: Lower income levels and higher poverty rates in the county make healthcare less affordable for many residents.
- 5. Housing: Lack of affordable housing is cited as a barrier to recruiting and retaining healthcare providers.
- 6. Mental Health Stigma: The report suggests there's a stigma around mental health issues, which can prevent people from seeking care.
- 7. Lack of Awareness: Many residents are unaware of the health services available to them, including transportation options.
- 8. Insurance Coverage: While not explicitly stated as a major barrier, the report notes that 29% of respondents indicated their insurance coverage was not adequate for their health needs.
- 9. Wait Times: For specialist care that is available, long wait times (e.g., 2-month waiting list for cardiology) can be a barrier to timely care.

- 10. Education: Lower educational attainment levels in the county may contribute to less health literacy and awareness of preventive care needs.
- 11. Aging Population: With a high percentage of residents over 65, there are unique challenges in providing appropriate care for an older population.
- 12. Substance Abuse: High rates of alcoholism and drug use create barriers to overall health and accessing appropriate care.

The Unique Needs of the Community

- 1. Mental and Behavioral Health Services: There's a significant need for more mental health providers and services, given high rates of mental health issues and substance abuse.
- 2. Specialized Care for an Aging Population: With 34.4% of the population over 65, there's a unique need for geriatric care and services tailored to older adults.
- 3. Substance Abuse Treatment: The community has high rates of alcoholism and opioid use, necessitating more treatment options.
- 4. Affordable Housing: There's a critical need for affordable housing, both for community members and to attract healthcare providers.
- 5. Specialist Care: The community needs better access to specialists, particularly in areas like cardiology and oncology.
- 6. Chronic Disease Management: There are higher rates of chronic conditions like arthritis, COPD, and coronary heart disease that require ongoing management.
- 7. Transportation Services: While some exist, there's a need for better coordination and awareness of transportation options to healthcare services.
- 8. Cancer Screening and Treatment: With high cancer mortality rates, there's a need for better cancer screening and local treatment options.
- 9. Preventive Care Services: The community needs better access to and education about preventive care services.
- 10. Dental Care: There's a need for more accessible dental care, particularly for pediatric patients.
- 11. Health Education: The community needs more education on healthy behaviors, available health services, and how to access care.
- 12. Services for Veterans: The county has a higher percentage of veterans compared to state and national averages, suggesting a need for veteran-specific health services.
- 13. Economic Development: With lower income levels and higher poverty rates, there's a need for economic opportunities to improve overall community health.

- 14. Addressing Food Insecurity: The county has higher food insecurity rates than state and national averages.
- 15. Suicide Prevention: The suicide rate in Curry County is significantly higher than state and national averages, indicating a need for targeted prevention efforts.

What the Hospital or CCO is Doing Well

- 1. Community Engagement: The hospital has engaged in a thorough community health needs assessment process, including surveys and stakeholder interviews, showing a commitment to understanding community needs.
- 2. Planning for Expansion: The report mentions that Curry Health Network is planning to expand its infusion center to include chemotherapy services, with a projected start in 2025. This shows proactive planning to address community needs.
- 3. Basic Services: The report indicates that 95% of survey respondents had received care at Curry Health Network in the past three years, suggesting the hospital is providing essential services to the community.
- 4. Patient Satisfaction: Of those who received care, 57% indicated they were satisfied or very satisfied with the care they received.
- 5. Strategic Planning: The hospital has a 2024 Strategic Plan in place and is willing to adapt it based on the findings of this assessment, showing responsiveness to community needs.
- 6. Ambulance Services: Ambulance services were rated as the most accessible healthcare service in the community survey.
- 7. Emergency Services: Emergency Room services were rated as the second most accessible healthcare service.
- 8. Collaboration: The hospital appears to be open to collaborating with other healthcare providers and community organizations to address health needs.

Strengths of the Community

- 1. Community Engagement: There was strong participation in the community health survey, with 235 respondents, indicating an engaged populace interested in community health issues.
- 2. Aging Population as a Resource: While presented as a challenge, the large population of older adults (34.4% over 65) could also be seen as a strength, bringing experience and potentially volunteer capacity to the community.
- 3. High Rate of Health Insurance Coverage: The uninsured population is below both state and national averages, suggesting good access to health insurance.
- 4. Declining Unemployment: While still higher than state and national averages, unemployment has been decreasing, indicating economic improvement.

- 5. Improved Youth Health Indicators: Teen birth rates and the percentage of uninsured children have decreased since the previous assessment.
- 6. Physical Activity: The county has a lower rate of individuals with no physical activity than national averages, suggesting a relatively active population.
- 7. Natural Environment: While not explicitly stated, the rural nature of the county likely provides opportunities for outdoor recreation and activities.
- 8. Preventable Hospitalizations: Curry County has a lower rate of preventable hospital visits than state or national averages, possibly indicating good management of certain health conditions.
- 9. Veteran Population: The high percentage of veterans could be seen as a community strength, bringing unique experiences and potential federal resources to the area.
- 10. Community Health Awareness: The survey results suggest that community members are aware of health challenges and the need for additional healthcare services, which could drive community action.
- 11. Existing Transportation Services: While not well-known, the community does have some transportation services in place to help people access healthcare.

Priorities

- 1. Address Mental and Behavioral Health
- Examine feasibility of recruiting additional mental health professionals
- Collaborate with other providers and organizations on mental healthcare
- Utilize partnerships to provide telepsych services
- Educate the community on financial options for mental health services
- 2. Increase Access to Providers
- Continue work towards expanding the infusion center to include chemotherapy
- Examine feasibility of recruiting an oncologist
- Consider implementing telecardiology or recruiting a part-time cardiologist
- Examine provider productivity and potential barriers to patient access
- Increase education and collaboration on transportation to care outside the county
- Explore opportunities with regional providers for specialty consultations and clinics
- 3. Improve Housing
- Develop a housing policy that meets the needs of Curry Health Network and its employees
- Collaborate with community organizations to increase availability of long-term affordable rentals
- Work with organizations to increase assisted housing units in Curry County
- 4. Increase Education
- Develop community outreach programs to improve community health
- Increase education on available transportation services
- Further educate on health services available and healthy eating behaviors
- Publicize available services through primary care physicians and social media