

Fecal Immunohistochemistry Testing as Focus -FIT AF at the Portland VA



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BACKGROUND

- Colorectal cancer (CRC) remains the third leading cause of death amongst all cancers in the United States.
- The USPSTF and U.S.MSTF recommend screening with fecal immunohistochemical testing (FIT) annually or colonoscopy every 10 years as comparable means of screening.
- Adherence to these recommendations is both inadequate and highly variable in the US.
- Our aim was to determine the rate of adherence to annual FIT completion after a prior negative FIT in an organized health care system.

METHODS

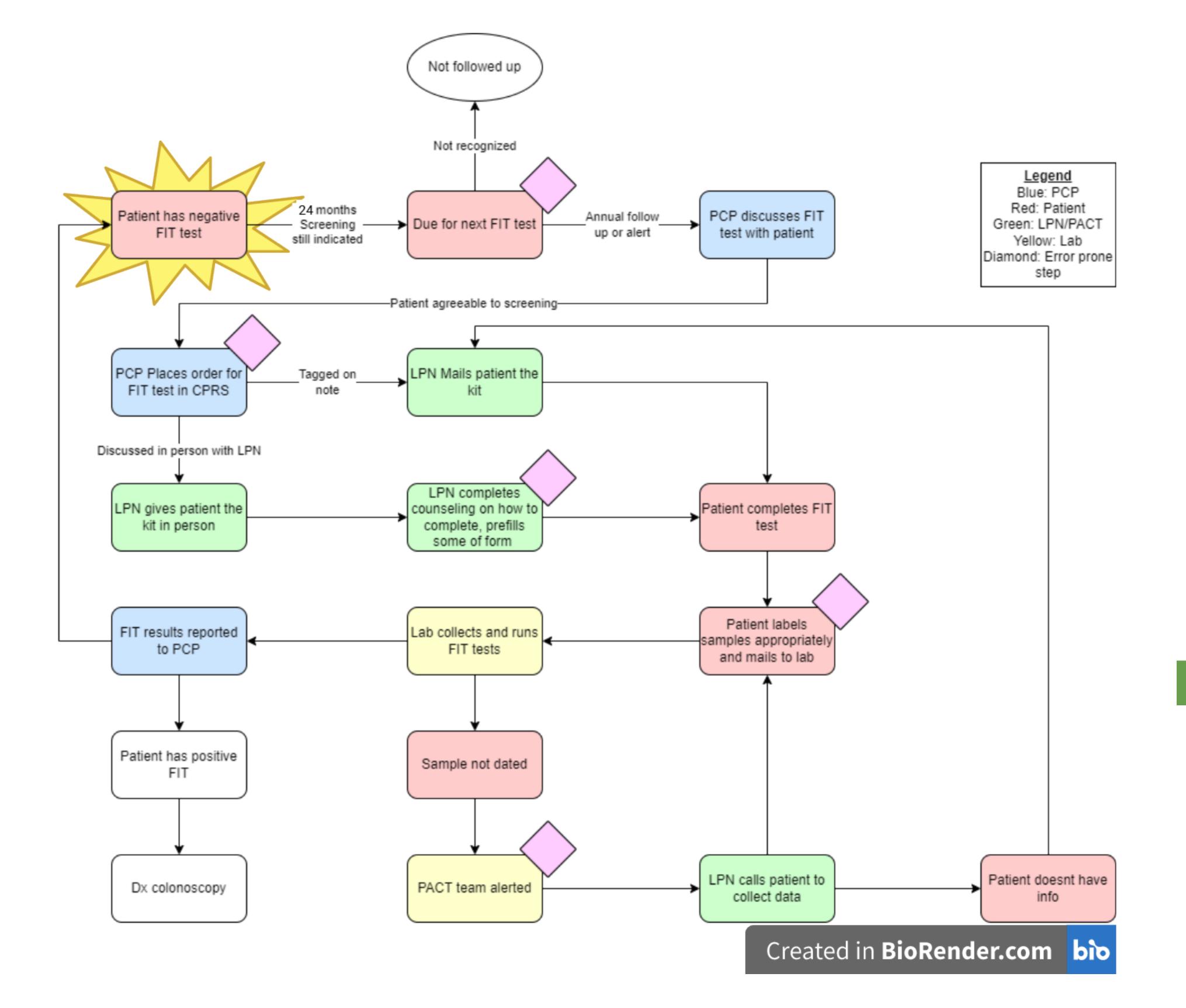
- Retrospective cohort study
- Inclusion criteria to be eligible for screening: Aged 50-75

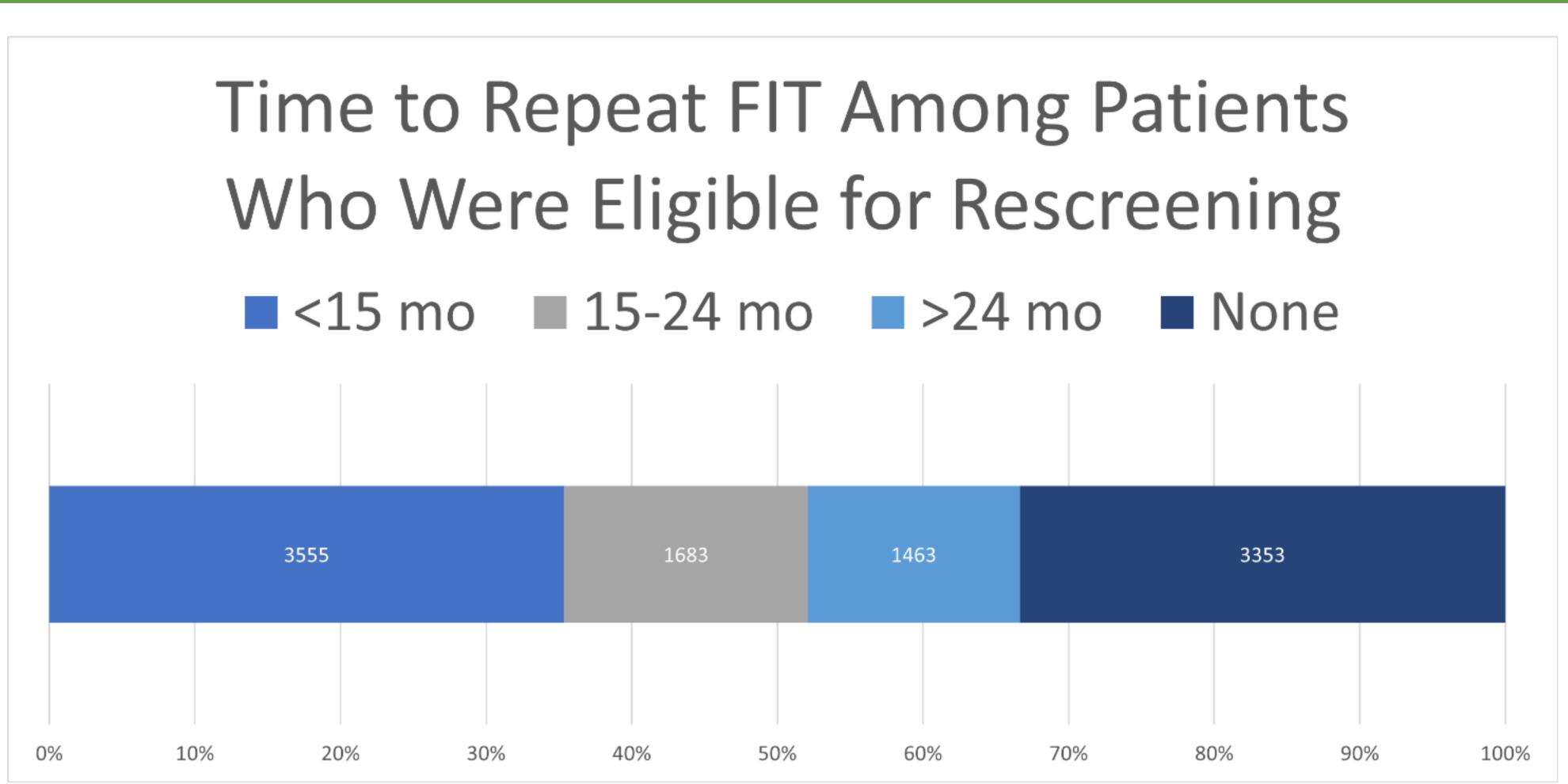
 - PČP Assigned in the PVAMC
 - Completed at least 1 FIT from 06/01/17 to 06/01/22
- Considered adequate screening if a repeat FIT was done within 24 months of previous
- The following were not considered eligible for repeat screening:
 - Positive FIT result
 - Age >75
 - Most recent result within 24 months of search end date
- Additionally, multidisciplinary interviews with the following informed a process map:
 - Nursing and ancillary staff
 - Resident PCPs
 - Attending PCPs
- Not considered research by the PVAMC

FIT for colon cancer screening effective when performed regularly over a period of time. In our study of a organized health system, only 52% of patients underwent adequate screening every 24 months over a 5 year period. Centralization and automation of FIT distrubtion should improve adherence to recommended screening intervals.

RESULTS

Process Map showing how FITs are completed at the Portland VA in Primary Care





- Among the 10,055 patient eligible for repeat FIT within the study period, 52% completed a repeat FIT within 2 years of the initial FIT.
- 33% of eligible patients never completed a repeat FIT.

DISCUSSION

- Adherence to recommended CRC screening guidelines among VA patients is poor, with only about half completing adequate screening every 24 months.
- This is troubling as the benefit of FIT depends on frequent testing over shorter intervals as compared to colonoscopy.
- A centralized, automated system of FIT distribution, which is currently underway, is likely to improve adherence to guidelines.



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