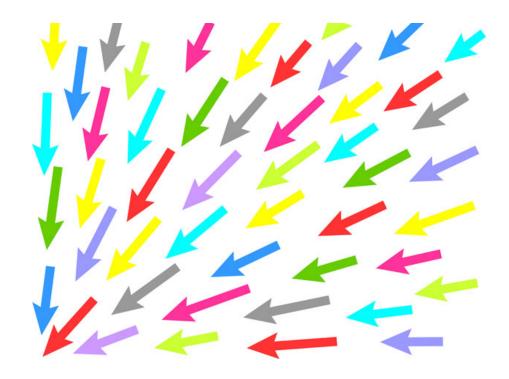


Coping with Climate Change for Agricultural Workers



"Health means different things to different people, and communities improve health in all kinds of ways" NWHF - Oregon





# Agricultural Health and Safety

 Agriculture is one of the most hazardous industries in the United States.

Resource: https://www.ruralhealthinfo.org/topics/agricultural-health-and-safety#mental-health







A safe, healthy workforce sets the stage for lifelong health





# Agricultural Health and Safety

- Injuries
- Every day, about 100 agricultural workers suffer a lost-work-time injury.
- From 2008-2010, 50% of all hired crop worker injuries were classified as a sprain or strain.
- In 2014, an estimated 12,000 youth were injured on farms; 4,000 of these injuries were due to farm work.

 $\underline{Resource: https://www.ruralhealthinfo.org/topics/agricultural-health-and-safety\#mental-health}$ 





# Workers Health and Safety- Most Frequent Citations

Agricultural labor housing rules (requirements not met for living areas, facilities, or site)

Hazard Communication Standard (requirements not met for written program, safety data sheets, employee information and training) Field Sanitation rules (requirements not met for toilets, hand washing facilities, potable drinking water, and posting of the notice)

Safety committees/safety meeting rules (general requirements not being met for committees or meetings)

Worker Protection Standard (requirements not being met for cleaning or maintenance of pesticide personal protective equipment, information or training)

Respiratory Protection Standard (program requirements not met)

Flammable and combustible liquids (requirements not met for tanks and containers)

Annual inspection of fire extinguishers not performed.

Inadequate control of hazardous energy (lockout/tag out rules)

operators not met Note:
Although not cited as often,
some of the most serious—
and expensive—citations were
for not meeting the general
requirements for providing

## Climate Change and Health



### Health Challenges

#### Health risks for farmers and farmworkers include:

- Exposure to farm chemicals, such as pesticides and fertilizers, as well as toxic gases
- Exposure to high levels of dust, which can contain mold, bacteria, and animal droppings, among other things
- Falls from ladders, farm equipment, grain bins, or other heights
- Risk of heatstroke, frostbite, or hypothermia from working outside in extreme weather conditions. Exposure to ultraviolet rays from the sun, which can result in skin cancer
- Joint and ligament injuries, which can result in arthritic conditions affecting mobility
- Exposure to loud noises and sounds from machinery and equipment which can result in hearing loss
- Injuries result from the use of both mechanized and non-mechanized equipment, as well as hand tools. Electrocution touching power lines with equipment
- Risk of suffocation in a grain bin if a person is engulfed by the grain





### Health Challenges

#### Health risks for farmers and farmworkers include:

- Urinary tract infections and other infections can occur from the lack of toilet facilities available while on the job.
- Higher susceptibility to infectious disease, such as tuberculosis, COVID-19 result from substandard living conditions combined with the barriers to accessing healthcare.
- Stress from droughts, floods, pests, long hours
- Stress from financial concerns, and feelings of isolation and frustration
- Mental health issues, including depression, are influenced by the cumulative effect of constant relocation, poverty, and stress
- Inadequate healthcare access- high deductible, catastrophic coverage only, no insurance, fear
  of using health care system due to immigration status
- Lack of transportation no driver's license
- Housing

"Heat-related illness is very common among farmworkers, and the risks associated with working for long periods of time under extreme weather conditions are likely to worsen"

-Farmworker Health and Climate Change - The Hill

#### **Acute and Chronic Illnesses**

- High blood pressure
- Diabetes
- Asthma
- Urinary track infections
- Heart disease
- Tuberculosis
- Musculoskeletal disorders (straining back/neck, tendinopathy and neuropathy)

Source: http://www.ncfh.org/uploads/3/8/6/8/38685499/fs-nawshealthfactsheet jbs approved.pdf

### **New Challenge**

- COVID-19
  - Short- and longterm health issues post infection





# **Lasting Impact**

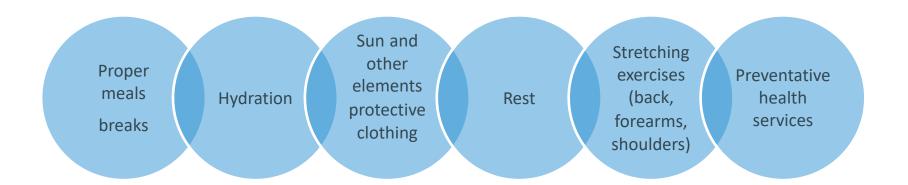








#### **Personal Protection**









# Social Justice Impact

- Commitment to the wellbeing of the workforce and the environment
- Early interventions
- Health promotion, education, and prevention
- Improve health outcomes
- Facilitate access to health care services
- Empower worker to take ownership of health care issues for self/family/others
- Provide health insurance coverage, teach how benefits work and how to access
- Build systems to encourage and support sustainable agricultural







## Health and Safety

 Building power for advocacy and system change



- Community collaboration
  - Partnerships
- Cultivate success
  - ongoing education/training
- Bring voice
  - Develop skills and provide tools





## Migrant Status Uncertainties









## **Policy Changes**

- Create policies that address the root causes of the issues.
- Update policies that protect occupational health standards.
  - Proposed Asuncion Valdivia Health Illness and Fatality Prevention Act.
- Work at the local level to protect the environment.
- Create a safe harbor for migrant and seasonal agricultural workers, including labor laws and fair wages.
- Establish accountability measures for employers.
- Support Dept. of Labor "Work Source" outreach services.

## **CLIMATE ACTION**

- PRESERVATION
- CERTIFICATION
- SOCIAL ISSUES
- COMMUNITY



## LIVE SHARED PRINCIPLES

- Consider the farm and winery as a whole system and take responsibility for the health and long-term viability of the whole
- Encourage biodiversity and protect wildlife habitat on the farm
- Promote soil stability, health and fertility
- Respect natural processes, reducing or eliminating use of synthetic inputs in the vineyard and the winery
- Conserve natural resources, including water and energy, in both vineyard and winery
- Protect the health and well being of workers in the vineyard and the winery, and the larger community





## **Upstream Approaches**

Figure 2

#### **Social Determinants of Health**

Economic Stability	Neighborhood and Physical Environment	Education	Food	Community and Social Context	Health Care System
Employment	Housing	Literacy	Hunger	Social integration	Health coverage
Income	Transportation	Language	Access to healthy	Support	Provider
Expenses Debt	Safety Parks	Early childhood education	options	systems	availability
Medical bills	Playgrounds	Vocational training		Community engagement	Provider linguistic and cultural
Support	Walkability	Higher education		Discrimination	competency  Quality of care

#### **Health Outcomes**

Mortality, Morbidity, Life Expectancy, Health Care Expenditures, Health Status, Functional Limitations







# Outreach Services Pledge

When you make a commitment, you build hope. When you keep it, you build trust.





## Resources

- Migrant Clinicians Network <a href="https://www.migrantclinician.org/">https://www.migrantclinician.org/</a>
- National Center for Farmworker Health <a href="http://www.ncfh.org/health-centers.html">http://www.ncfh.org/health-centers.html</a>
- The Silent Crisis: How to Do Outreach in an Anti-Immigrant Climate <a href="https://outreach-partners.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/Silent-Crisis-2018.pdf">https://outreach-partners.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/Silent-Crisis-2018.pdf</a>
- Kaiser Family Foundation <u>kff.org</u> | <u>kaiserhealthnews.org</u>
- Legal Aid Services of Oregon
   https://oregonlawhelp.org/organization/farmworker-program-woodburn-office-legal-aid
- https://www.oregon.gov/ohcs/DO/Farmworker/2018/05-24-18-AWHFT-Oregon-MSFW-Enumeration-Study.pdf
- Deaths: Final Data for 2016. National Vital Statistics Report. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr67/nvsr67\_05.pdf

