

Dear OHSU community,

In the midst of daily updates about the spread and impact of COVID-19 worldwide and reminders of what we can do locally, many of us may be feeling more on edge, more worried and less upbeat. Our families and friends also may be concerned about our well-being. These emotions are very understandable and are important to acknowledge and address. Some of us will be directly involved in caring for patients affected by COVID-19 and all of us are experiencing changes in our personal and work activities.

Experiencing high levels of stress, however, can be hard to sustain over long periods of time and can lead to greater emotional and physical exhaustion. Being able to use healthy coping strategies and tap into support at work and in the community can help protect our well-being during stressful times.

The Center for Disease Control [posted a recommendation](#) that we attend to our personal psychological resilience and address any signs of stigma against certain individuals (based on country, travel, profession, etc.)

The CDC also recognizes that health professionals are at risk of being stigmatized.

One national leader, Halimah Yacob, the President of Singapore, [called for her citizens](#) to draw upon their “psychological and social resilience” in the face of COVID-19.

What does it mean to have resilience in the face of a pandemic? Resilience is defined typically as the ability to weather and “bounce back” from significant stressors and resume normal functioning over time. We like the definition of resilience as “emotional steadiness,” being present without becoming overly involved or emotionally detached in a stressful situation. This definition fits our strengths, what we offer as health professionals — to be engaged, caring and steady in critical patient care situations.

The American Psychological Association [outlines the key components of resilience](#) and [offers guidance on how to view COVID-19 media coverage](#).

We would like to highlight these resilience building strategies and resources, which can protect your well-being during this challenging time:

Self-awareness is the first step:

- Reflect on where you feel your stress in your body and what “bad habit” you engage in more when stressed (e.g., eating unhealthy, staying up late, drinking more).
- Pause daily to notice signs of stress, and check in with your emotions.
- If you notice your stress level is higher, take action to reduce your stress.

Calm body, calm mind:

- Exercise daily (even a quick walk, running the stairs, doing some core work can help reduce stress hormones, improve mood and focus).

- Practice relaxation skills: breathing, mindful meditation or progressive muscle relaxation (tightening and then relaxing different parts of the body).
- Here are a few apps for learning relaxation skills/mindfulness:
 - [Headspace](#)
 - [Calm](#)
 - [UCLA Mindful](#) (free), [Insight timer](#) (free)
 - [Portland Mindful Medicine](#) offers [on line meetings](#) for health professionals.
- Take at least a 10-minute break and step out of your work context for a brief time.
- Develop a healthy ritual for when you return home to help you disconnect from work and be more present for your family, friends, and for yourself:
 - “park your phone,” if possible
 - change clothes
 - take a hot shower
 - go for a walk or exercise after work
 - listen to music
 - check in with loved one

Prioritize Basic Self-Care:

- Prioritize sleep (8 hours is recommended for most adults).
- Stay hydrated, eat healthy, try not to skip meals and bring food and water into work.
- Reduce any unhealthy use of substances or stress eating.
- Take time off — before you become depleted.
- When feeling ill, use your sick leave — protect others by not coming into work.

Maintain or Increase Social Connection:

- Check in regularly with family, close friends.
- Reach out via telehealth, or by phone or text to your colleagues, staff, learners and patients.
- Confide in someone you trust. Reassurance is fine to seek — you are human too.

Notice Meaningful and Positive Experiences:

- Pay attention to the daily moments of meaning and purpose in your professional work.
- Reflect on your values and how you might use these values to guide you.
- Identify your personal goals and try to move toward your goals and notice small progress — this helps facilitate a sense of control in the face of so many changes.
- Recognize what is going well in your life — [gratitude journaling](#) of “one good thing that happened today” can help improve your mood.

Act with Kindness, Appreciate Others’ Efforts:

- Recognize other people’s efforts — sending a note of appreciation can lift your mood too.
- Ask others how you can help.
- Include [appreciative inquiry](#) in team meetings or huddle.
- Invite others to comment on something they appreciated about the team’s efforts — perhaps they noticed a colleague who went the extra mile, something that gives them joy or hope. This type of discussion can increase the positive mood of team members.
- Consider ways to post and share with your team some messages of hope, support, appreciation (virtually or in a visible work area out of patient care areas).

Recognize Growth:

- Ask yourself how you might grow and learn from this experience.
- Recognize what strengths you are drawing upon to cope with this situation.
- Notice the ways that your colleagues are using their strengths and skills.

Finally, if you are experiencing significant levels of distress, **please reach out:**

- All OHSU employees, their partners and dependents can access professional counseling services through [Spark Work-Life Services](#). Note: they can provide in person and **telehealth** sessions.
 - **24 hour hotline: 1-800-433-2320**
- All OHSU students can access wellness services in the [Student Health and Wellness Center](#).
- All School of Medicine faculty, residents and fellows can access confidential, individual **telehealth counseling sessions** and psychiatric assessment and medication management services through the Resident and Faculty Wellness Program and in the [Peer Support Program](#).

Contact us if you have any questions or concerns,

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Resident and Faculty Wellness Program