

REDESIGNING CARE TRANSITIONS: STANDARDIZING THE INTERPROFESSIONAL DISCHARGE PROCESS AT THE VA PORTLAND HEALTHCARE SYSTEM (VAPORHCS)

Defining
EXCELLENCE
in the 21st Century

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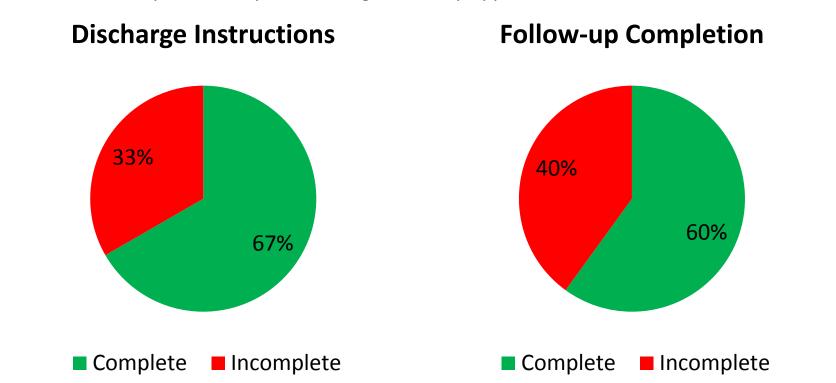
Background:

- Hospital admissions provide interventions that require ongoing management after discharge
- Communication of transitional care needs between inpatient and outpatient settings is facilitated primarily by discharge documentation
- Inpatient care documentation is often not targeted toward the appropriate outpatient audience
- Increased risk of errors occur by unclear or incomplete documentation
- Standardization of discharge planning and documentation is associated with more complete follow-up care and lower readmission rates and can improve the safety of care transition^{1,2}

Current State:

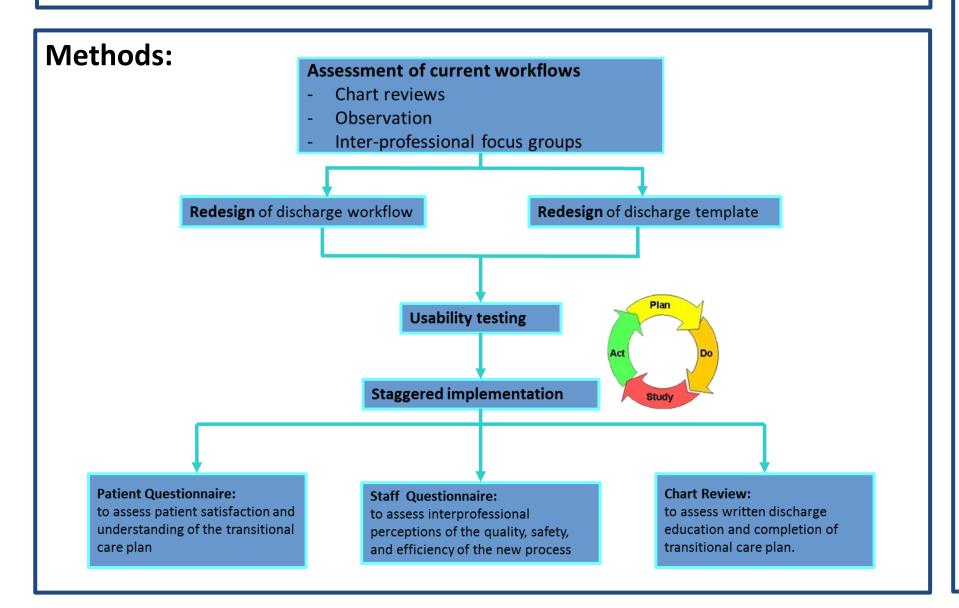
Reviewed discharge documentation from 100 randomly selected patients discharged from the VAPORHCS medicine service July 2013 – June 2014 which showed:

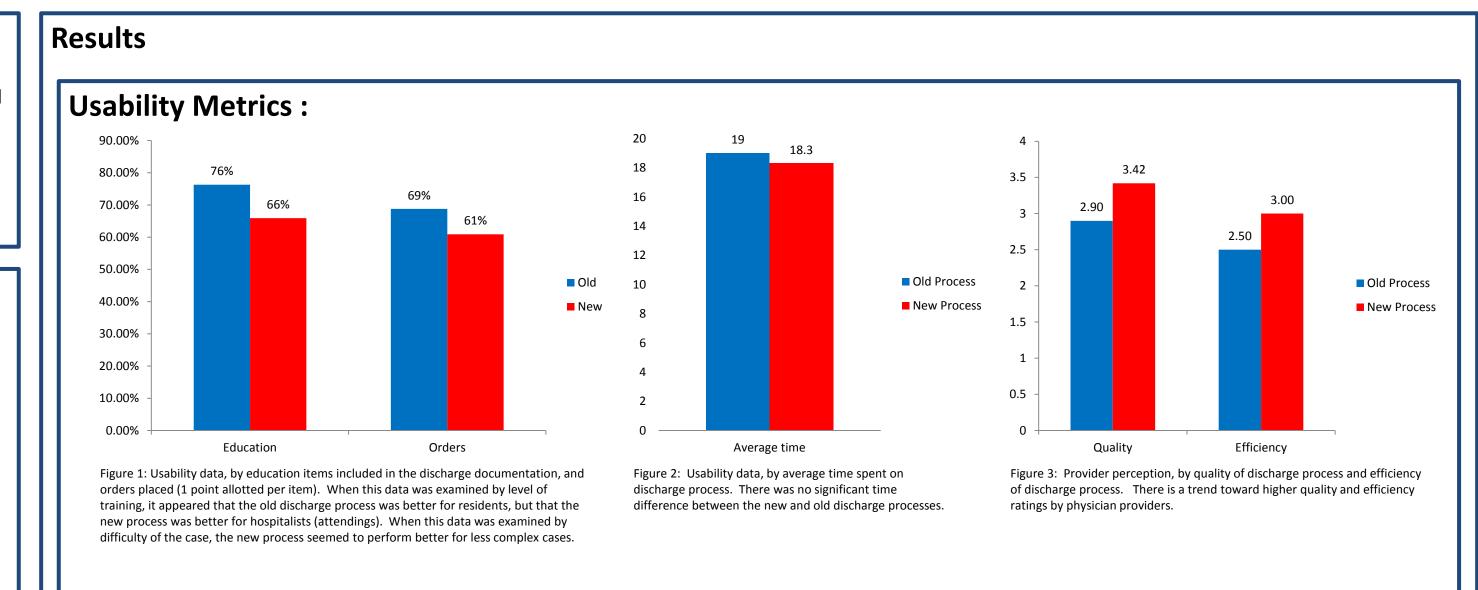
- 41% lacked an accurate, complete reconciled medication list
- 54% had no clear delineation of follow up care responsibility
- 46% lacked complete list of post-discharge follow up appointments

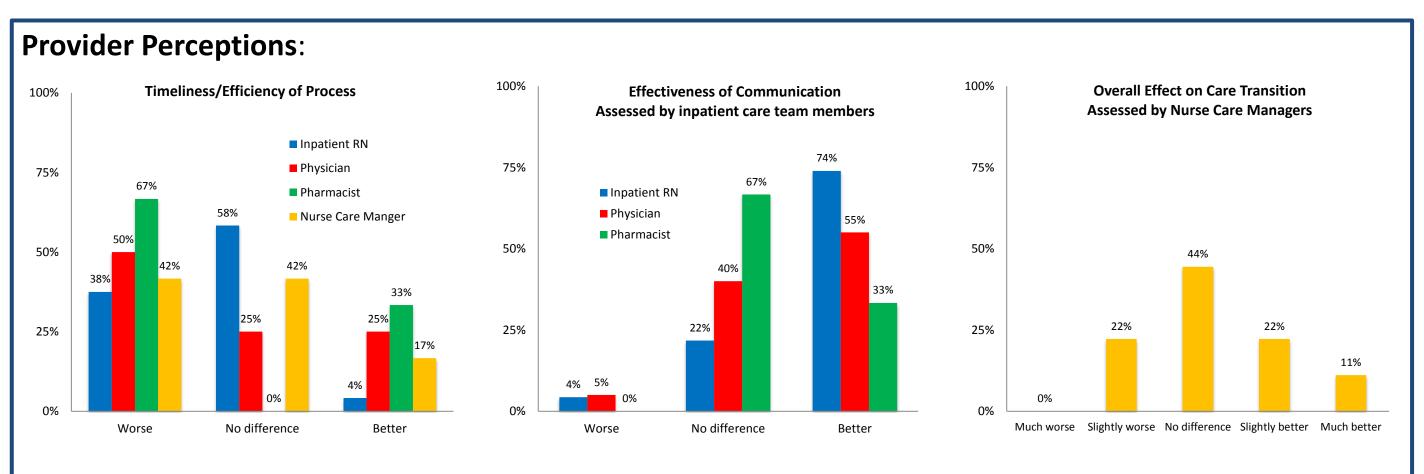


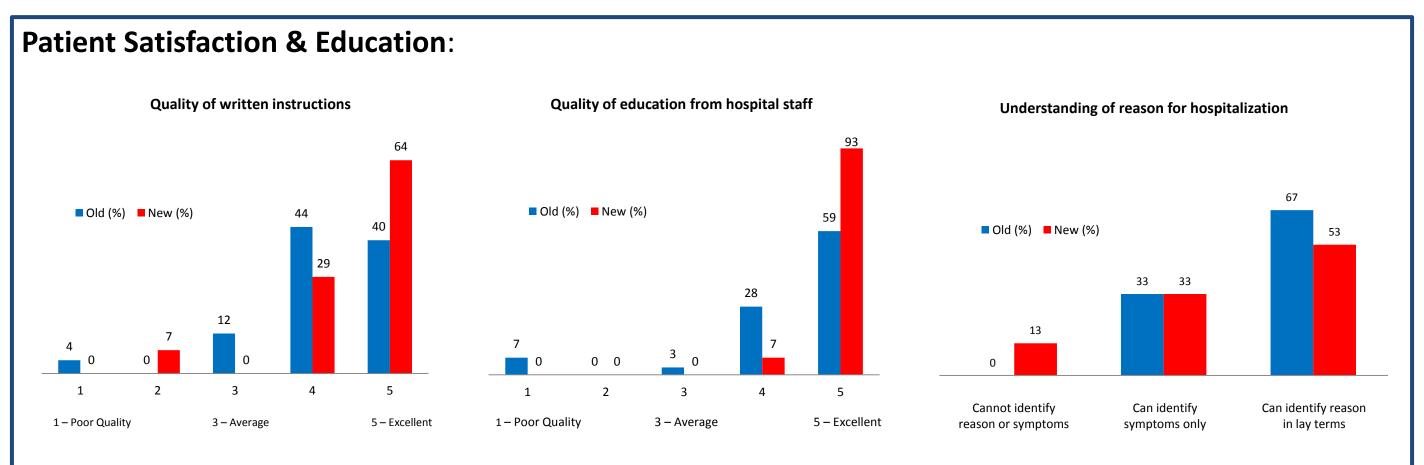
Interventions:

- A novel interprofessional discharge instructions note was created to include:
 - standardized patient education
 - Prompts for essential but frequently omitted components
 - embedded orders to streamline workflow and decrease errors of omission
- Discharge workflow changed to facilitate congruity between physician, pharmacy, and nursing counseling to the patient



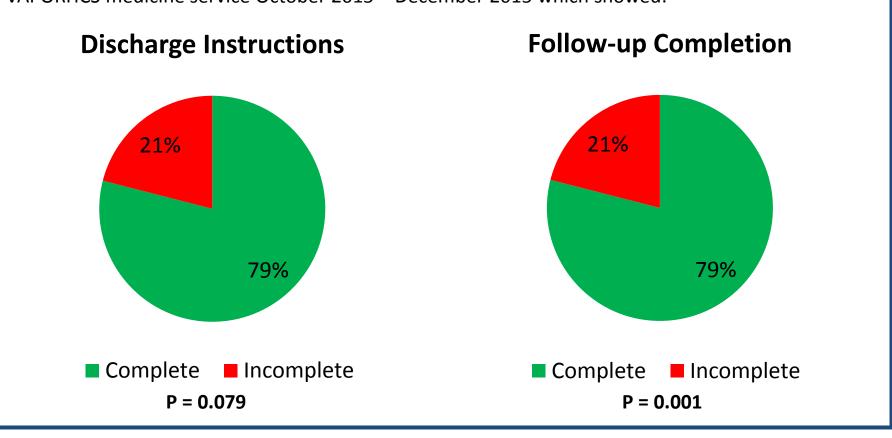


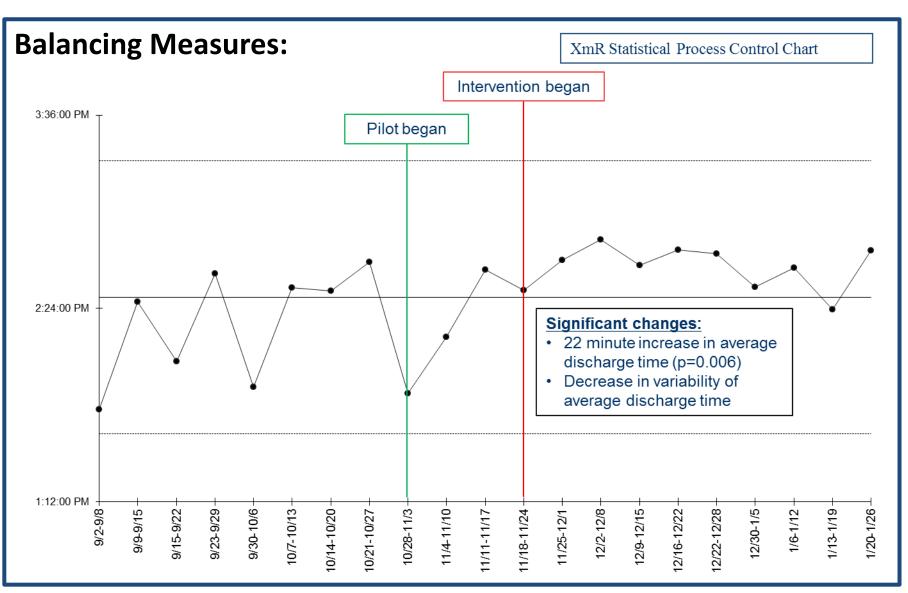




Outcomes Measures:

Reviewed discharge documentation from 100 randomly selected patients discharged from the VAPORHCS medicine service October 2015 – December 2015 which showed:





Conclusions:

- The use of a new standardized discharge workflow and documentation resulted in improved completion of discharge instructions and patient follow-up
- No time difference was demonstrated in usability testing (despite perception from physicians that process takes longer), but discharges times were slightly delayed (and less variable)
- Perceptions of new process overall increased for inpatient team members, mixed for outpatient
- The new discharge process improved patient satisfaction with discharge instructions and education but did not improve patient understanding of their discharge care plan

Next Steps:

- Evaluation of additional patient outcome measures (readmission rates, unscheduled care visits)
- Investigate and address root causes of dissatisfaction uncovered by feedback process
- Expansion to other specialties within VAPORHCS

References

1. Shepard S, McClaran J, Phillis CO, Lannin NA, Clemson LM, Cameron ID, Barras SL. Discharge planning from hospital to home. - *Cochrane Database Syst Rev.2013 Jan 31;1:CD000313.doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD000313.pub4.*2. Glasgow J, Kamath A, Kaboli P. Discharge documentation improvement project: Combined discharge summary, patient instructions, medication reconcilliation, and nursing instructions. . 2011.