



Core Entrustable Professional Activities for Entering Residency



Tomorrow's Doctors, Tomorrow's Cures®

EPA 1: Gather a History and Perform a Physical Examination

An EPA: A unit of observable, measurable professional practice requiring integration of competencies

EPA 1

Gather a history and perform a physical exam

Underlying entrustability for all EPAs are trustworthy habits, including truthfulness, conscientiousness, and discernment.

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Key Functions with Related Competencies	Behaviors Requiring Corrective Response	→ Developing Behaviors → (Learner may be at different levels within a row.)	Expected Behaviors for an Entrustable Learner
Obtain a complete and accurate history in an organized fashion PC2	Does not collect accurate historical data Relies exclusively on secondary sources or documentation of others	Gathers excessive or incomplete data Does not deviate from a template Uses a logical progression of questioning Questions are prioritized and not excessive	Obtains a complete and accurate history in an organized fashion Seeks secondary sources of information when appropriate (e.g. family, primary care physician, living facility, pharmacy) Adapts to different care settings and encounters
Demonstrate patient-centered interview skills ICS1 ICS7 P1 P3 P5	Is disrespectful in interactions with patients Disregards patient privacy and autonomy	Communicates unidirectionally Does not respond to patient verbal and nonverbal cues May generalize based on age, gender, culture, race, religion, disabilities, and/or sexual orientation Does not consistently consider patient privacy and autonomy	Demonstrates effective communication skills, including silence, open-ended questions, body language, listening, and avoids jargon Anticipates and interprets patient's emotions Incorporates responses appropriate to age, gender, culture, race, religion, disabilities and/or sexual orientation
Demonstrate clinical reasoning in gathering focused information relevant to a patient's care KP1	Fails to recognize patient's central problem	Questions are not guided by the evidence and data collected Does not prioritize or filter information Questions reflect a narrow differential diagnosis	Questions are purposefully used to clarify patient's issues Is able to filter signs and symptoms into pertinent positives and negatives
Perform a clinically relevant, appropriately thorough physical exam pertinent to the setting and purpose of the patient visit PC2	Does not consider patient's privacy and comfort during exams Incorrectly performs basic physical exam maneuvers	Performs basic exam maneuvers correctly Does not perform exam in an organized fashion Relies on head-to-toe examination Misses key findings	Targets the exam to areas necessary for the encounter Identifies and describes normal findings Explains exam maneuvers to patient



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EPA 2: Prioritize a Differential Diagnosis Following a Clinical Encounter

An EPA: A unit of observable, measurable professional practice requiring integration of competencies

EPA 2

Prioritize a differential diagnosis

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Synthesize essential information from previous records, history, physical exam, and initial diagnostic evaluations to propose a scientifically supported differential diagnosis PC2 KP3 KP4 KP2	Cannot gather or synthesize data to inform an acceptable diagnosis Lacks basic medical knowledge to reason effectively	Approaches assessment from a rigid template Struggles to filter, prioritize, and make connections between sources of information Proposes a differential diagnosis that is too narrow, is too broad, or contains inaccuracies Demonstrates difficulty retrieving knowledge for effective reasoning	Gathers pertinent data based on initial diagnostic hypotheses Proposes a reasonable differential diagnosis but may neglect important diagnostic information Is beginning to organize knowledge by illness scripts (patterns) to generate and support a diagnosis	Gathers pertinent information from many sources in a hypothesis-driven fashion Filters, prioritizes, and makes connections between sources of information Proposes a relevant differential diagnosis that is neither too broad nor too narrow Organizes knowledge into illness scripts (patterns) that generate and support a diagnosis
Prioritize and continue to integrate information as it emerges to update differential diagnosis, while managing ambiguity PC4 KP3 KP4 PPD8 PBL1	Disregards emerging diagnostic information Becomes defensive and/or belligerent when questioned on differential diagnosis	Does not integrate emerging information to update the differential diagnosis Displays discomfort with ambiguity	Considers emerging information but does not completely integrate to update the differential diagnosis Acknowledges ambiguity and is open to questions and challenges	Seeks and integrates emerging information to update the differential diagnosis Encourages questions and challenges from patients and team
Engage and communicate with team members for endorsement and verification of the working diagnosis that will inform management plans KP3 KP4 ICS2	Ignores team's recommendations Develops and acts on a management plan before receiving team's endorsement Cannot explain or document clinical reasoning	Recommends a broad range of untailored diagnostic evaluations Depends on team for all management plans Does not completely explain and document reasoning	Recommends diagnostic evaluations tailored to the evolving differential diagnosis after having consulted with team Explains and documents clinical reasoning	Proposes diagnostic and management plans reflecting team's input Seeks assistance from team members Provides complete and succinct documentation explaining clinical reasoning



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EPA 3: Recommend and Interpret Common Diagnostic and Screening Tests

An EPA: A unit of observable, measurable professional practice requiring integration of competencies

EPA 3

Diagnostic and screening tests

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Key Functions with Related Competencies	Behaviors Requiring Corrective Response	→ Developing Behaviors → (Learner may be at different levels within a row.)	Expected Behaviors for an Entrustable Learner
<p>Recommend first-line cost-effective screening and diagnostic tests for routine health maintenance and common disorders</p> <p>PC5 PC9 SBP3 PBLI9 KP1 KP4</p>	<p>Unable to recommend a standard set of screening or diagnostic tests</p> <p>Demonstrates frustration at cost-containment efforts</p>	<p>Recommends tests for common conditions</p> <p>Does not consider harm, costs, guidelines, or patient resources</p> <p>Does not consider patient-specific screening unless instructed</p> <p>Considers costs</p> <p>Identifies guidelines for standard tests</p> <p>Repeats diagnostic tests at intervals that are too frequent or too lengthy</p>	<p>Recommends key, reliable, cost-effective screening and diagnostic tests</p> <p>Applies patient-specific guidelines</p>
<p>Provide rationale for decision to order tests, taking into account pre- and posttest probability and patient preference</p> <p>PC5 PC7 KP1 KP4 SBP3 PBLI9</p>	<p>Cannot provide a rationale for ordering tests</p>	<p>Recommends unnecessary tests or tests with low pretest probability</p> <p>Neglects patient's preferences</p> <p>Understands pre- and posttest probability</p> <p>Neglects impact of false positive or negative results</p> <p>Aware of patient's preferences</p>	<p>Provides individual rationale based on patient's preferences, demographics, and risk factors</p> <p>Incorporates sensitivity, specificity, and prevalence in recommending and interpreting tests</p> <p>Explains how results will influence diagnosis and evaluation</p>
<p>Interpret results of basic studies and understand the implication and urgency of the results</p> <p>PC4 PC5 PC7 KP1</p>	<p>Can only interpret results based on normal values from the lab</p> <p>Does not discern urgent from nonurgent results</p>	<p>Misinterprets insignificant or explainable abnormalities</p> <p>Does not know how to respond to urgent test results</p> <p>Requires supervisor to discuss results with patient</p> <p>Recognizes need for assistance to evaluate urgency of results and communicate these to patient</p>	<p>Distinguishes common, insignificant abnormalities from clinically important findings</p> <p>Discerns urgent from nonurgent results and responds correctly</p> <p>Seeks help for interpretation of tests beyond scope of knowledge</p>



Core Entrustable Professional Activities for Entering Residency



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EPA 4: Enter and Discuss Orders and Prescriptions

An EPA: A unit of observable, measurable professional practice requiring integration of competencies

EPA 4

Enter and discuss orders and prescriptions

Underlying trustworthiness for all EPAs are trustworthy habits, including truthfulness, conscientiousness, and discernment.

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Key Functions with Related Competencies	Behaviors Requiring Corrective Response	→ Developing Behaviors → (Learner may be at different levels within a row.)	Expected Behaviors for an Entrustable Learner
Compose orders efficiently and effectively verbally, on paper, and electronically PC6 PBL1	Unable to compose or enter electronic orders or write prescriptions (or does so for the wrong patient or using an incorrect order set) Does not follow established protocols for placing orders	Does not recognize when to tailor or deviate from the standard order set Orders tests excessively (uses shotgun approach) May be overconfident, does not seek review of orders Recognizes when to tailor or deviate from the standard order set Completes simple orders Demonstrates working knowledge of how orders are processed in the workplace Asks questions, accepts feedback	Routinely recognizes when to tailor or deviate from the standard order set Able to complete complex orders requiring changes in dose or frequency over time (e.g., a taper) Undertakes a reasoned approach to placing orders (e.g., waits for contingent results before ordering more tests) Recognizes limitations and seeks help
Demonstrate an understanding of the patient's condition that underpins the provided orders PC5 PC2	Lacks basic knowledge needed to guide orders Demonstrates defensiveness when questioned	Has difficulty filtering and synthesizing information to prioritize diagnostics and therapies Unable to articulate the rationale behind orders	Articulates rationale behind orders May not take into account subtle signs or exam findings guiding orders Recognizes patterns, takes into account the patient's condition when ordering diagnostics and/or therapeutics Explains how test results influence clinical decision making
Recognize and avoid errors by attending to patient-specific factors, using resources, and appropriately responding to safety alerts PBL17	Discounts information obtained from resources designed to avoid drug-drug interactions Fails to adjust doses when advised to do so by others Ignores alerts	Underuses information that could help avoid errors Relies excessively on technology to highlight drug-drug interactions and/or risks (e.g., smartphone or EHR suggests an interaction, but learner cannot explain relevance)	Routinely practices safe habits when writing or entering prescriptions or orders Responds to EHR's safety alerts and understands rationale for them Uses electronic resources to fill in gaps in knowledge to inform safe order writing (e.g., drug-drug interactions, treatment guidelines)
Discuss planned orders and prescriptions with team, patients, and families ICS1 SBP3	Places orders and/or prescriptions that directly conflict with patient's and family's health or cultural beliefs	Places orders without communicating with others; uses unidirectional style ("Here is what we are doing...") Does not consider cost of orders or patient's preferences	Modifies plan based on patient's preferences May describe cost-containment efforts as externally mandated and interfering with the doctor-patient relationship Enters orders that reflect bidirectional communication with patients, families, and team Considers the costs of orders and the patient's ability and willingness to proceed with the plan



Core Entrustable Professional Activities for Entering Residency



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EPA 5: Document a Clinical Encounter in the Patient Record

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EPA 5

Document a clinical encounter

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Key Functions with Related Competencies	Behaviors Requiring Corrective Response	→ Developing Behaviors → (Learner may be at different levels within a row.)		Expected Behaviors for an Entrustable Learner
<p>Prioritize and synthesize information into a cogent narrative for a variety of clinical encounters (e.g., admission, progress, pre- and post-op, and procedure notes; informed consent; discharge summary)</p> <p>P4 ICS1</p>	<p>Provides incoherent documentation</p>	<p>Misses key information</p> <p>Provides key information but may include unnecessary details or redundancies</p>	<p>Provides a verifiable cogent narrative without unnecessary details or redundancies</p>	<p>Provides a verifiable cogent narrative without unnecessary details or redundancies</p>
<p>Follow documentation requirements to meet regulations and professional expectations</p> <p>ICS5 P4 SBP1</p>	<p>Copies and pastes information without verification or attribution</p> <p>Does not provide documentation when required</p> <p>Provides illegible documentation</p>	<p>Produces documentation that has errors or does not fulfill institutional requirements (e.g., date, time, signature, avoidance of prohibited abbreviations)</p> <p>Meets needed turnaround time for standard documentation</p> <p>Has difficulty meeting turnaround expectations, resulting in team members' lack of access to documentation</p> <p>May not document the pursuit of primary or secondary sources important to the encounter</p>	<p>Recognizes and corrects errors related to required elements of documentation</p> <p>Documents in the patient's record role in team-care activities</p> <p>Documents use of primary and secondary sources necessary to fill in gaps</p>	<p>Provides accurate, legible, timely documentation that includes institutionally required elements</p> <p>Documents in the patient's record role in team-care activities</p> <p>Documents use of primary and secondary sources necessary to fill in gaps</p>
<p>Document a problem list, differential diagnosis, and plan supported through clinical reasoning that reflects patient's preferences</p> <p>PC4 PC6 ICS1 ICS2</p>	<p>Includes inappropriate judgmental language</p> <p>Documents potentially damaging information without attribution</p>	<p>Does not document a problem list, differential diagnosis, plan, clinical reasoning, or patient's preferences</p> <p>Documents a problem list, differential diagnosis, plan, and clinical reasoning</p> <p>Interprets laboratories by relying on norms rather than context</p> <p>Is inconsistent in interpreting basic tests accurately</p> <p>Does not include a rationale for ordering studies or treatment plans</p> <p>Engages in help-seeking behavior resulting in improved ability to develop and document management plans</p> <p>Demonstrates limited help-seeking behavior to fill gaps in knowledge, skill, and experience</p> <p>Solicits patient's preferences and records them in a note</p>	<p>Documents a problem list, differential diagnosis, and plan, reflecting a combination of thought processes and input from other providers</p> <p>Interprets laboratory values accurately</p> <p>Identifies key problems, documenting engagement of those who can help resolve them</p> <p>Communicates bidirectionally to develop and record management plans aligned with patient's preferences</p>	<p>Documents a problem list, differential diagnosis, and plan, reflecting a combination of thought processes and input from other providers</p> <p>Interprets laboratory values accurately</p> <p>Identifies key problems, documenting engagement of those who can help resolve them</p> <p>Communicates bidirectionally to develop and record management plans aligned with patient's preferences</p>



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EPA 6: Provide an Oral Presentation of a Clinical Encounter

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EPA 6
Provide an oral presentation of a clinical encounter

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<p>Present personally gathered and verified information, acknowledging areas of uncertainty</p> <p>PC2 PBL1 PPD4 P1</p>	<p>Fabricates information when unable to respond to questions</p> <p>Reacts defensively when queried</p>	<p>Gathers evidence incompletely or exhaustively</p> <p>Fails to verify information</p> <p>Does not obtain sensitive information</p>	<p>Acknowledges gaps in knowledge, adjusts to feedback, and then obtains additional information</p>	<p>Presents personally verified and accurate information, even when sensitive</p> <p>Acknowledges gaps in knowledge, reflects on areas of uncertainty, and seeks additional information to clarify or refine presentation</p>
<p>Provide an accurate, concise, well-organized oral presentation</p> <p>ICS2 PC6</p>	<p>Presents in a disorganized and incoherent fashion</p>	<p>Delivers a presentation that is not concise or that wanders</p> <p>Presents a story that is imprecise because of omitted or extraneous information</p>	<p>Delivers a presentation organized around the chief concern</p> <p>When asked, can identify pertinent positives and negatives that support hypothesis</p> <p>Supports management plans with limited information</p>	<p>Filters, synthesizes, and prioritizes information into a concise and well-organized presentation</p> <p>Integrates pertinent positives and negatives to support hypothesis</p> <p>Provides sound arguments to support the plan</p>
<p>Adjust the oral presentation to meet the needs of the receiver</p> <p>ICS1 ICS2 PBL1 PPD7</p>	<p>Presents information in a manner that frightens family</p>	<p>Follows a template</p> <p>Uses acronyms and medical jargon</p> <p>Projects too much or too little confidence</p>	<p>When prompted, can adjust presentation in length and complexity to match situation and receiver of information</p>	<p>Tailors length and complexity of presentation to situation and receiver of information</p> <p>Conveys appropriate self-assurance to put patient and family at ease</p>
<p>Demonstrate respect for patient's privacy and autonomy</p> <p>P3 P1 PPD4</p>	<p>Disregards patient's privacy and autonomy</p>	<p>Lacks situational awareness when presenting sensitive patient information</p> <p>Does not engage patients and families in discussions of care</p>	<p>Incorporates patient's preferences and privacy needs</p>	<p>Respects patients' privacy and confidentiality by demonstrating situational awareness when discussing patients</p> <p>Engages in shared decision making by actively soliciting patient's preferences</p>



Core Entrustable Professional Activities for Entering Residency



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EPA 7: Form Clinical Questions and Retrieve Evidence to Advance Patient Care

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EPA 7

Clinical questions to advance patient care

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Key Functions with Related Competencies	Behaviors Requiring Corrective Response	→ Developing Behaviors → (Learner may be at different levels within a row.)		Expected Behaviors for an Entrustable Learner
<p>Combine curiosity, objectivity, and scientific reasoning to develop a well-formed, focused, pertinent clinical question (ASK)</p> <p>KP3 PBLI6 PBLI1 PBLI3</p>	<p>Does not reconsider approach to a problem, ask for help, or seek new information</p>	<p>With prompting, translates information needs into clinical questions</p>	<p>Seeks assistance to translate information needs into well-formed clinical questions</p>	<p>Identifies limitations and gaps in personal knowledge</p> <p>Develops knowledge guided by well-formed clinical questions</p>
<p>Demonstrate awareness and skill in using information technology to access accurate and reliable medical information (ACQUIRE)</p> <p>PBLI6 PBLI7</p>	<p>Declines to use new information technologies</p>	<p>Uses vague or inappropriate search strategies, leading to an unmanageable volume of information</p>	<p>Employs different search engines and refines search strategies to improve efficiency of evidence retrieval</p>	<p>Identifies and uses available databases, search engines, and refined search strategies to acquire relevant information</p>
<p>Demonstrate skill in appraising sources, content, and applicability of evidence (APPRAISE)</p> <p>PBLI6 KP3 KP4</p>	<p>Refuses to consider gaps and limitations in the literature or apply published evidence to specific patient care</p>	<p>Accepts findings from clinical studies without critical appraisal</p> <p>With assistance, applies evidence to common medical conditions</p>	<p>Judges evidence quality from clinical studies</p> <p>Applies published evidence to common medical conditions</p>	<p>Uses levels of evidence to appraise literature and determines applicability of evidence</p> <p>Seeks guidance in understanding subtleties of evidence</p>
<p>Apply findings to individuals and/or patient panels; communicate findings to the patient and team, reflecting on process and outcomes (ADVISE)</p> <p>ICS1 ICS2 PBLI1 PBLI8 PBLI9 PC7</p>	<p>Does not discuss findings with team</p> <p>Does not determine or discuss outcomes and/or process, even with prompting</p>	<p>Communicates with rigid recitation of findings, using medical jargon or displaying personal biases</p> <p>Shows limited ability to connect outcomes to the process by which questions were identified and answered and findings were applied</p>	<p>Applies findings based on audience needs</p> <p>Acknowledges ambiguity of findings and manages personal bias</p> <p>Connects outcomes to process by which questions were identified and answered</p>	<p>Applies nuanced findings by communicating the level and consistency of evidence with appropriate citation</p> <p>Reflects on ambiguity, outcomes, and the process by which questions were identified and answered and findings were applied</p>



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EPA 8: Give or Receive a Patient Handover to Transition Care Responsibility

An EPA: A unit of observable, measurable professional practice requiring integration of competencies

EPA 8

Give or receive a patient handover

Key Functions with Related Competencies

Document and update an electronic handover tool and apply this to deliver a structured verbal handover PBLI7 ICS2 ICS3 P3 *Transmitter
Conduct handover using communication strategies known to minimize threats to transition of care ICS2 ICS3 *Transmitter
Provide succinct verbal communication conveying illness severity, situational awareness, action planning, and contingency planning ICS2 PC8 *Transmitter
Give or elicit feedback about handover communication and ensure closed-loop communication PBLI5 ICS2 ICS3 *Transmitter and Receiver
Demonstrate respect for patient's privacy and confidentiality P3 *Transmitter and Receiver

Behaviors Requiring Corrective Response

Inconsistently uses standardized format or uses alternative tool
Provides information that is incomplete and/or includes multiple errors in patient information
Is frequently distracted
Carries out handover with inappropriate timing and context
Communication lacks all key components of standardized handover
Withholds or is defensive with feedback
Displays lack of insight on the role of feedback
Does not summarize (or repeat) key points for effective closed-loop communication
Is unaware of HIPAA policies
Breaches patient confidentiality and privacy

→ Developing Behaviors → (Learner may be at different levels within a row.)

Uses electronic handover tool	Consistently updates electronic handover tool with mostly relevant information, applying a standardized template
Inconsistently updates tool	Adjusts patient information for context and audience
Requires clarification and additional relevant information from others to prioritize information	May omit relevant information or present irrelevant information
Provides patient information that is disorganized, too detailed, and/or too brief	Requires assistance with time management
Requires assistance to minimize interruptions and distractions	Focuses on own handover tasks with some awareness of other's needs
Demonstrates minimal situational awareness	Identifies illness severity
Inconsistently communicates key components of the standardized tool	Provides incomplete action list and contingency planning
Does not provide action plan and contingency plan	Creates a contingency plan that lacks clarity
Delivers incomplete feedback; accepts feedback when given	Accepts feedback and adjusts
Does not encourage other team members to express their ideas or opinions	Summary statements are too elaborate
Inconsistently uses summary statements and/or asks clarifying questions	Inconsistently uses repeat-back technique
Is aware of HIPAA policies	Is cognizant of and attempts to minimize breaches in privacy and confidentiality

Expected Behaviors for an Entrustable Learner

Consistently updates electronic handover tool with clear, relevant, and succinct documentation
Adapts and applies all elements of a standardized template
Presents a verbal handover that is prioritized, relevant, and succinct
Avoids interruptions and distractions
Manages time effectively
Demonstrates situational awareness
Highlights illness severity accurately
Provides complete action plans and appropriate contingency plans
Provides and solicits feedback regularly, listens actively, and engages in reflection
Identifies areas of improvement
Asks mutually clarifying questions, provides succinct summaries, and uses repeat-back techniques
Consistently considers patient privacy and confidentiality
Highlights and respects patient's preferences

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* Functions are designated as "transmitter" or "transmitter and receiver."



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EPA 9: Collaborate as a Member of an Interprofessional Team

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EPA 9

Collaborate as a member of an interprofessional team

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Identify team members' roles and responsibilities and seek help from other members of the team to optimize health care delivery IPC2 SBP2 ICS3	Does not acknowledge other members of the interdisciplinary team as important Displays little initiative to interact with team members	Identifies roles of other team members but does not know how or when to use them Acts independently of input from team members, patients, and families	Interacts with other team members, seeks their counsel, actively listens to their recommendations, and incorporates these recommendations into practice	Effectively partners as an integrated member of the team Articulates the unique contributions and roles of other health care professionals Actively engages with the patient and other team members to coordinate care and provide for seamless care transition
Include team members, listen attentively, and adjust communication content and style to align with team-member needs ICS2/IPC3 IPC1 ICS7 P1	Dismisses input from professionals other than physicians	Communication is largely unidirectional, in response to prompts, or template driven Has limited participation in team discussion	Listens actively and elicits ideas and opinions from other team members	Communicates bidirectionally; keeps team members informed and up to date Tailors communication strategy to the situation
Establish and maintain a climate of mutual respect, dignity, integrity, and trust Prioritize team needs over personal needs to optimize delivery of care Help team members in need P1 ICS7 IPC1 SBP2	Has disrespectful interactions or does not tell the truth Is unable to modify behavior Puts others in position of reminding, enforcing, and resolving interprofessional conflicts	Is typically a more passive member of the team Prioritizes own goals over those of the team	Integrates into team function, prioritizing team goals Demonstrates respectful interactions and tells the truth Remains professional and anticipates and manages emotional triggers	Supports other team members and communicates their value to the patient and family Anticipates, reads, and reacts to emotions to gain and maintain therapeutic alliances with others Prioritizes team's needs over personal needs



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EPA 10: Recognize a Patient Requiring Urgent or Emergent Care and Initiate Evaluation and Management

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EPA 10

Recognize urgent or emergent situation

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- Chest pain
- Mental status change
- Shortness of breath and hypoxemia
- Fever
- Hypotension or hypertension
- Tachycardia or arrhythmia
- Oliguria, anuria, or urinary retention
- Electrolyte abnormalities
- Hypoglycemia or hyperglycemia

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<p>Recognize normal and abnormal vital signs as they relate to patient- and disease-specific factors as potential etiologies of a patient's decompensation</p> <p>PC2 PC4 PC5</p>	<p>Fails to recognize trends or variations of vital signs in a decompensating patient</p>	<p>Demonstrates limited ability to gather, filter, prioritize, and connect pieces of information to form a patient-specific differential diagnosis in an urgent or emergent setting</p> <p>Recognizes outliers or unexpected results or data and seeks out an explanation</p>	<p>Recognizes variations of patient's vital signs based on patient- and disease-specific factors</p> <p>Gathers, filters, and prioritizes information related to a patient's decompensation in an urgent or emergent setting</p>
<p>Recognize severity of a patient's illness and indications for escalating care and initiate interventions and management</p> <p>PC4 PC3 PC2 PC5 PC6 PPD1</p>	<p>Does not recognize change in patient's clinical status or seek help when a patient requires urgent or emergent care</p>	<p>Misses abnormalities in patient's clinical status or does not anticipate next steps</p> <p>May be distracted by multiple problems or have difficulty prioritizing</p> <p>Recognizes concerning clinical symptoms or unexpected results or data</p> <p>Asks for help</p>	<p>Responds to early clinical deterioration and seeks timely help</p> <p>Prioritizes patients who need immediate care and initiates critical interventions</p>
<p>Initiate and participate in a code response and apply basic and advanced life support</p> <p>PC1 PPD1 SBP2 IPC4</p>	<p>Responds to a decompensated patient in a manner that detracts from or harms team's ability to intervene</p>	<p>Accepts help</p> <p>Requires prompting to perform basic procedural or life support skills correctly</p> <p>Does not engage with other team members</p> <p>Demonstrates appropriate airway and basic life support (BLS) skills</p> <p>Initiates basic management plans</p> <p>Seeks input or guidance from other members of the health care team</p>	<p>Initiates and applies effective airway management, BLS, and advanced cardiovascular life support (ACLS) skills</p> <p>Monitors response to initial interventions and adjusts plan accordingly</p> <p>Adheres to institutional procedures and protocols for escalation of patient care</p> <p>Uses the health care team members according to their roles and responsibilities to increase task efficiency in an emergent patient condition</p>
<p>Upon recognition of a patient's deterioration, communicate situation, clarify patient's goals of care, and update family members</p> <p>ICS2 ICS6 PPD1</p>	<p>Dismisses concerns of team members (nurses, family members, etc.) about patient deterioration</p> <p>Disregards patient's goals of care or code status</p>	<p>Communicates in a unidirectional manner with family and health care team</p> <p>Provides superfluous or incomplete information to health care team members</p> <p>Does not consider patient's wishes if they differ from those of the provider</p> <p>Tailors communication and message to the audience, purpose, and context in most situations</p> <p>Actively listens and encourages idea sharing from the team (including patient and family)</p> <p>Confirms goals of care</p>	<p>Communicates bidirectionally with the health care team and family about goals of care and treatment plan while keeping them up to date</p> <p>Actively listens to and elicits feedback from team members (e.g., patient, nurses, family members) regarding concerns about patient deterioration to determine next steps</p>

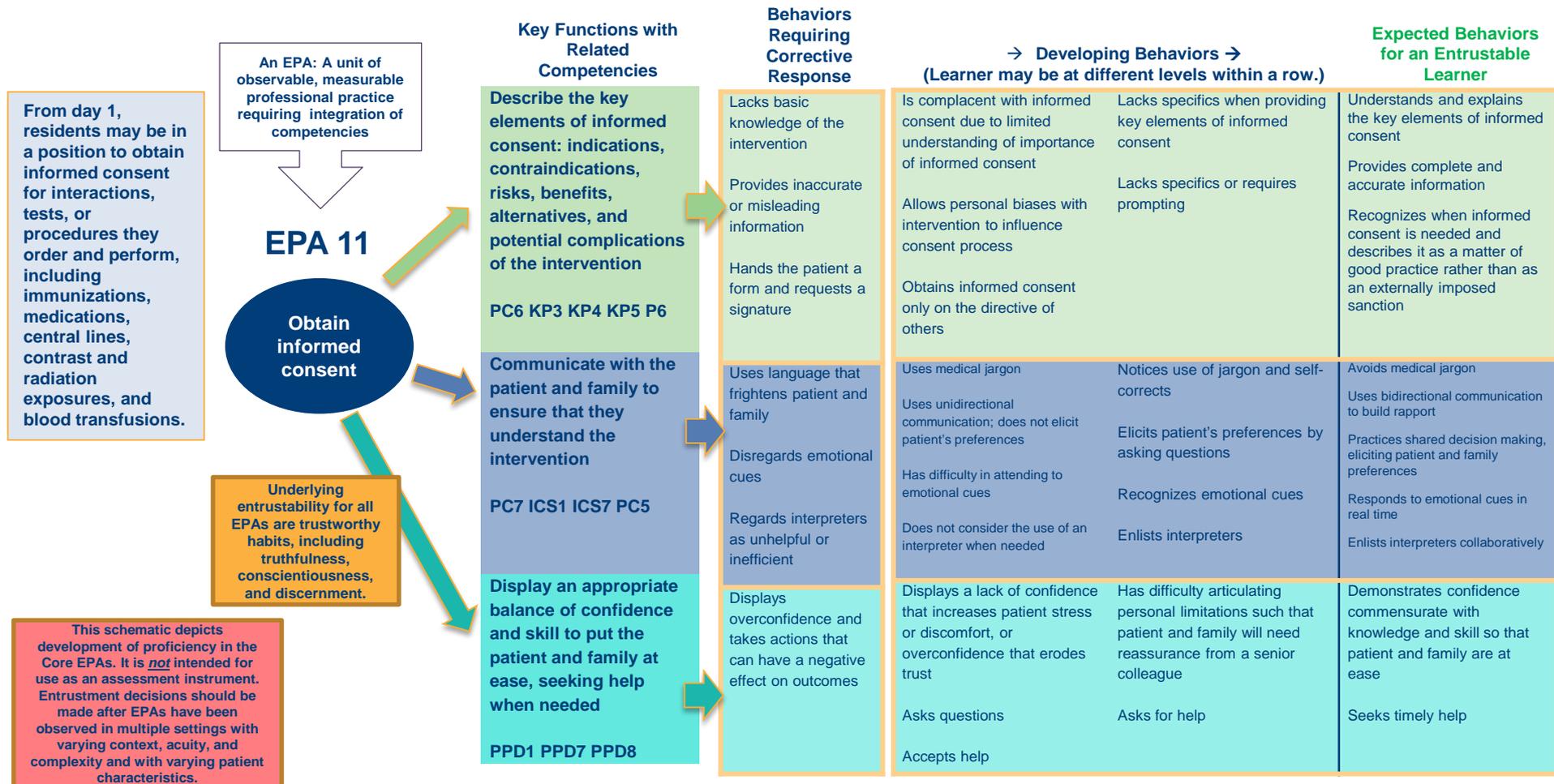


Core Entrustable Professional Activities for Entering Residency



Tomorrow's Doctors, Tomorrow's Cures®

EPA 11: Obtain Informed Consent for Tests and/or Procedures



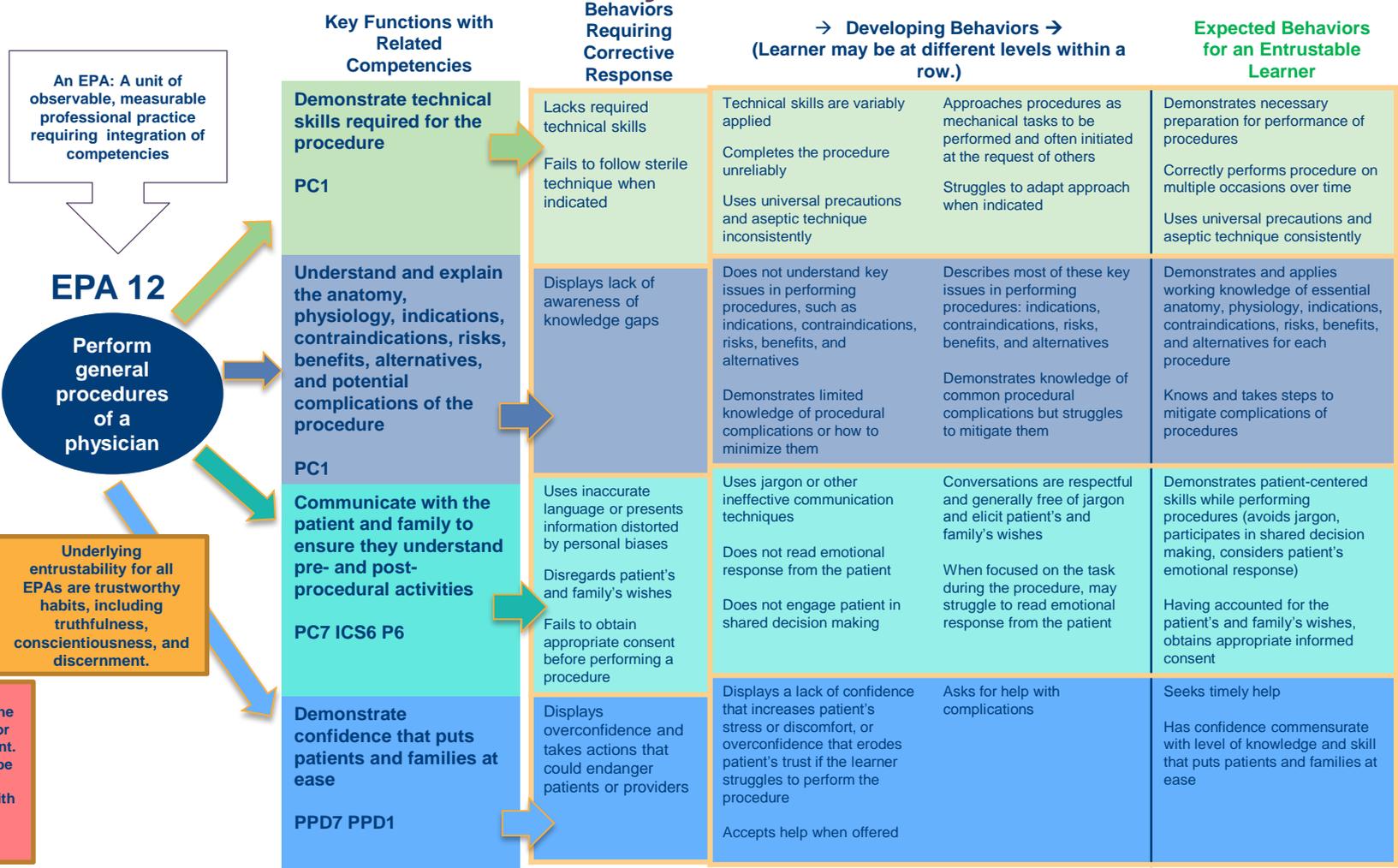


Core Entrustable Professional Activities for Entering Residency



Tomorrow's Doctors, Tomorrow's Cures®

EPA 12: Perform General Procedures of a Physician



- Basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)
- Bag-mask ventilation (BMC)
- Sterile technique
- Venipuncture
- Insertion of an intravenous line
- Placement of a Foley catheter

This schematic depicts development of proficiency in the Core EPAs. It is not intended for use as an assessment instrument. Entrustment decisions should be made after EPAs have been observed in multiple settings with varying context, acuity, and complexity and with varying patient characteristics.



Core Entrustable Professional Activities for Entering Residency



Tomorrow's Doctors, Tomorrow's Cures®

EPA 13: Identify System Failures and Contribute to a Culture of Safety and Improvement

