**Multiple Choice:** Select the one BEST answer and mark it on your answer sheet.

1. In Oregon, there are special confidentiality rules (in addition to the confidentiality rules which govern all medical records) for which of the following:
   
   A. HIV/Aids related treatment.
   
   B. Alcohol and drug treatment.
   
   C. Mental health records.
   
   D. Genetic information.
   
   E. All of the above.

2. Palpation of the abdomen should include deep palpation prior to light palpation:
   
   A. True
   
   B. False

3. According to the Center for Disease Control the greatest health threat in the United States is:
   
   A. Obesity.
   
   B. The threat of biological warfare.
   
   C. Depression.
   
   D. Alzheimer’s.
   
   E. Inappropriate use of antibiotics.

**Short Answer:** Each question should be answered on THIS form. **Do NOT give more answers than are called for:** only the first items will be considered answers.

4. You are examining a patient who presents with complaints of abdominal pain. Name two blood vessels in the abdomen where bruits can be heard (left and right are not accepted).

   1.
   
   2.

5. Upon examination of the testes, it is important to assess the patient for what objective findings:

   1.
   
   2.
   
   3.
6. Why do you check both breasts, at the same time, upon examination even when a patient has a complaint regarding one breast?

7. A patient hurts her knee on a fall while skiing. List seven specific physical findings which one might elicit upon examination of the knee joint:
   1. 
   2. 
   3. 
   4. 
   5. 
   6. 
   7. 

8. You are examining a patient with a complaint of “cough”. Describe what the following terms mean and where they are heard:

   **Vesicular breath sounds:**

   **Bronchial breath sounds:**

9. A patient presents complaining of abdominal pain. You are concerned about appendicitis. Describe how to elicit rebound tenderness when examining the abdomen:

10. If you saw the above structure aligned as they are through your otoscope, would you be examining the patient’s right or left ear?

11. A patient presents with concerns about hypertension. List the normal adult range of values for the following:
   1. heart rate:
   2. blood pressure (include units)
      (a) systolic
(b) diastolic

3. respiratory rate:

4. jugular venous pressure (include units):

12. A patient presents complaining of blurred vision. You decide to perform an ophthalmologic exam. List three structures seen in the ophthalmoscope examination:
   1.
   2.
   3.

13. A female patient presents for a complete physical examination, including a Pap smear. List four anatomical structures that should be inspected during examination of the external female genitalia:
   1.
   2.
   3.
   4.

14. A patient presents with vomiting and a very quiet abdomen. Hypoactive (decreased) bowel sounds may be indicative of what general bowel conditions:
   1.
   2.

15. A patient with severe hepatitis presents for examination. Name two physical examination findings of the abdomen in the patient with ascites (fluid in the abdomen):
   1.
   2.
16. A male patient presents for a complete physical examination. In palpating the contents of the scrotum the normal palpable anatomical structures examined include:

1.

2.

3.

4.