

# Eight Years of Distance Teaching and Learning in Biomedical Informatics at OHSU

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## Overview of talk

- Motivations for health information technology (HIT) and education in biomedical informatics
- Overview of OHSU biomedical informatics graduate program
- Description of teaching and learning technologies used by program



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## The picture is bright for HIT in the 21<sup>st</sup> century

- Recognition of its value, especially the electronic health record (EHR) with clinical decision support (CDS) (Hersh, JAMA, 2002; Bates, 2005)
- Growing recognition of importance of “secondary use” of clinical data for (Safran, 2007)
  - Health information exchange (HIE)
  - Quality reporting and improvement
  - Clinical and translational research (NIH CTSA initiative – Zerhouni, 2007)
  - Public health surveillance and reporting
  - Personal health records



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## But there are barriers and challenges (Hersh, 2004)

### Health Care Information Technology Progress and Barriers

William Hersh, MD  
 © 2004. I illustrate points from 2004. "Barriers" are mentioned. "Cost" was first used. Individuals working in the industry. In the time of JAMA, which demonstrates the value that patients physicians need can have in improving patient care, and also outlining the description for encouraging practicing physicians? The work was supported by the National Institutes of Health.

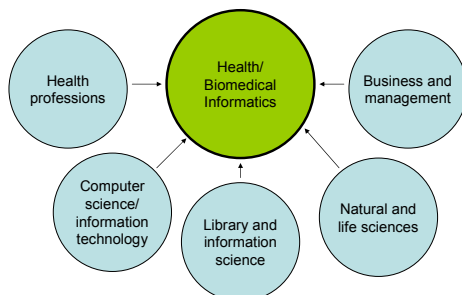
- Cost
- Technical challenges
- Interoperability
- Privacy and confidentiality
- Workforce → **addressed by our educational programs**

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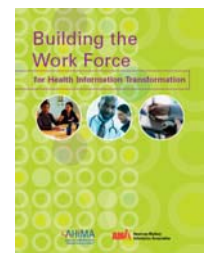
## What is informatics competence? It draws on many disciplines



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## Workforce development advocacy being led by AMIA and AHIMA

- Workforce summit (2006)
- AMIA – grant from Robert Wood Johnson Foundation to develop framework for certification in informatics
  - A challenge is that field is interdisciplinary and not “cookie-cutter” like some professions
- AHIMA – recent approval of *Vision 2016: A Blueprint for Quality Education* (2007)
  - Acknowledges substantial change in HIM field
  - Advocates increasing entry level for RHIA certification to master's level



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## Categories of biomedical informatics practice (Hersh, 2006)

Category	Jobs
Academic	Informatics researcher or teacher
Professional	CIO, Chief Medical/Nursing Information Officer, Developer, Trainer, Health information manager
Liaison	Represent clinical or research community in IT initiatives

- Adapted from Covvey et al., *Pointing the Way*, 2001
- For some individuals, roles may overlap



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## Informatics educational programs at OHSU

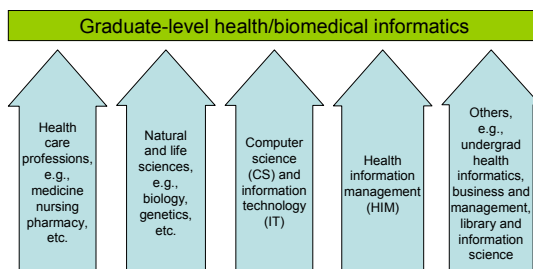
Category	Programs
Academic	- PhD - Postdoc ± master's degree
Professional	- Postdoc ± master's degree - Master's degree - Graduate Certificate
Liaison	- 10x10

For more details – <http://www.ohsu.edu/dmice/education>



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## There are many pathways into biomedical informatics



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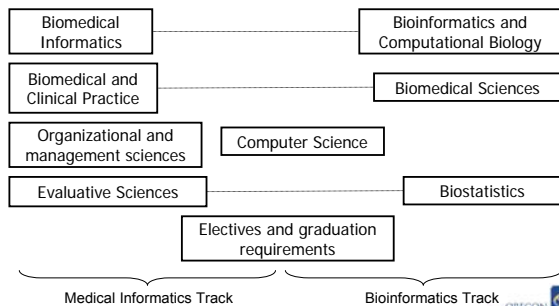
## Informatics curriculum at OHSU – general principles

- Aims to cover the “full spectrum” of biomedical informatics (Hersh, 2005; Hersh, 2007)
- Curriculum centered around “knowledge base”
  - Core knowledge at master's level
  - PhD adds advanced courses and research
  - “Building block” approach allows progression to higher levels
- Have two established “tracks” and another in development
  - Medical informatics – clinically oriented
  - Bioinformatics – focused on genomics and bioscience
  - Health information management – advancing field historically focused on medical records
  - A possible future track? – public health informatics



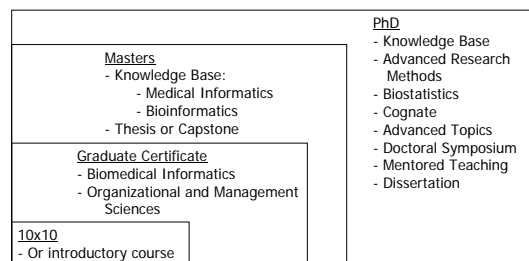
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## “Knowledge base” and its “domains”



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## Building block approach to curriculum



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## Educating the liaisons – 10x10

- Partnership with American Medical Informatics Association (AMIA) to meet Charles Safran's (2005) stated need to education one physicians and one nurse from each US hospital in informatics
  - Or, put another way, aim to educate 10,000 health care providers by 2010
- Course consists of introductory on-line course and adding one-day face-to-face session
  - Initial offering well-received (Hersh, IJMI, 2007)
  - Nearly 400 graduates so far (almost 4% of the way there!)
  - Other partners are also offering courses

**AMIA 10x10™**  
10,000 Trained by 2010

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## Educating beyond our site – distance learning

- (Hersh, JAMIA, 2001)
- Initially in Graduate Certificate, now master's
- Teaching modalities include
  - Voice-over-Powerpoint lectures
  - Threaded discussions
  - Readings, virtual projects, etc.
- All courses delivered via Blackboard, which we license at departmental level
  - Undertaking pilot evaluation with Sakai

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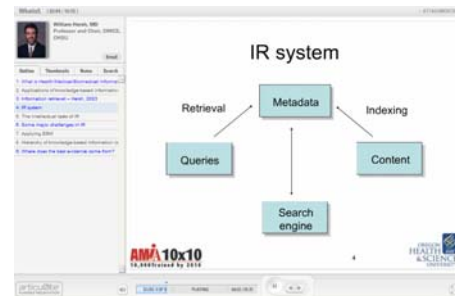
## A major teaching modality is on-line lectures

- Developed using Articulate tool, which
  - Allows narration on individual slide basis
  - Outputs content in Flash
  - Allows learner to navigate slide by slide
- Also made available to learner
  - PDF of Powerpoint slides
  - MP3 file of sound from lecture

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## Example Articulate screen



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## Some reflections after eight years

- Courses are not correspondence courses; interaction is a core component
  - Amount of interaction in discussion boards far exceeds any that could ever occur in a classroom
- “Distance” courses popular among people who live in Portland and even on-campus students
  - We (and registrar) no longer distinguish between in-person and on-line offerings of courses
  - Many “on-campus” courses also make use of “distance” tools
- Have created a virtual community
  - Meet at AMIA, HIMSS, OHSU, etc.

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## New models for education can be developed with this technology

- Translation of 10x10 course into Spanish for Latin American audience (Otero, 2007)
- Offered in partnership with *Hospital Italiano* of Buenos Aires, Argentina
- Over 150 participants from 10 countries have completed course so far



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## Current and future directions

- Growth of OHSU educational program
  - First couple PhDs have finished, more in pipeline
  - 160 alumni have been awarded 168 degrees
  - Over 500 enrolled in Graduate Certificate Program
  - NLM training grant recently renewed through 2012
- Expansion of 10x10 and related programs – ~380 have completed and new partnerships have been formed, e.g., American College of Physicians and Mayo Clinic
- Graduates have successfully found employment and rewards at a variety of levels
- Distance learning has enabled access to a much wider audience

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## For more information

- Bill Hersh
  - <http://www.billhersh.info>
- OHSU Department of Medical Informatics & Clinical Epidemiology
  - <http://www.ohsu.edu/dmice>
- OHSU educational programs
  - <http://www.ohsu.edu/dmice/education>
- American Medical Informatics Association
  - <http://www.amia.org>
- AMIA-OHSU 10x10
  - <http://www.amia.org/10x10/partners/ohsu/>
- American Health Information Management Association
  - <http://www.ahima.org>

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